

# The Leicester and Leicestershire Economy in 2024







Images include the National Space Centre, Leicester, and MIRA Technology Institute, Hinckley

# **Introduction and summary**

This report aims to describe the current economy of Leicester and Leicestershire (the LLEP area), highlighting the dominant industries, the occupations within those industries and the skills required by the local economy.

The report also includes how demand for skills has changed in the previous five years and which sectors are more prevalent locally compared to the rest of England. The report also looks to the future and considers which sectors will continue to grow and where future demand may be.

Two sectors emerge from the analysis as locally significant:

#### Manufacturing:

- Second highest industry with far more jobs than national levels (figure 1)
- Process, Plant and Machine Operatives far higher than national (figure 2)
- Machinery skills far higher demand than national (figure 3)
- Second highest total wages and high wages per capita (figure 8)

#### Logistics:

- Transport and Storage has far more jobs than national levels (figure 1)
- Greater Elementary jobs and huge demand for Warehousing skills (figure 2 and 3)
- Warehousing skills showing fast growth (figure 4, 5 and 6) and growth in Transportation and storage jobs (figure 6)
- Large forecast growth (figure 7)

However, the second theme is the often-unseen presence of 'white collar' jobs which are large in both volume and demand:

- 'Professional' is the largest occupation but far behind national levels. Associate Professional and Technical; and Administrative and Secretarial are also both large and behind national levels (figure 2)
- Specialised Financial, Accounting and Auditing skills all high volume but below national levels (figure 3)
- Finance and Accounting skills second and fourth respective in skills demand (figure 3)
- Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities high total wages and per capita (figure 8)

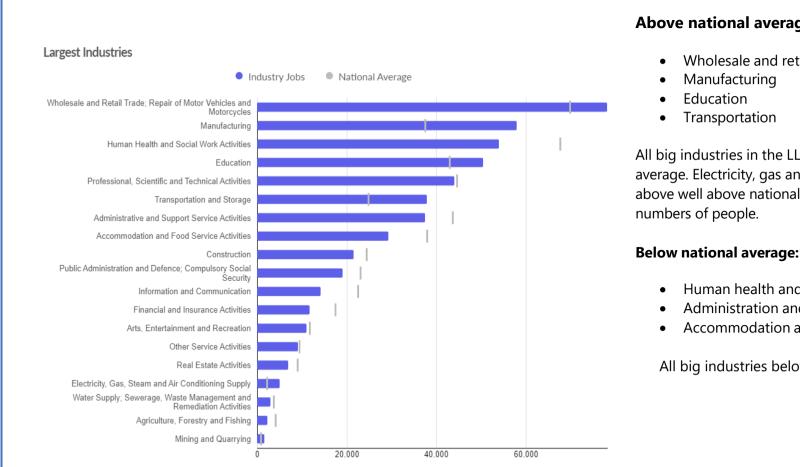
#### Contents

1. Largest Industries	<ul><li>6. Change in demand for specialised skills</li><li>7. Forecast of future economy</li></ul>		
2. Largest occupations			
3. Top specialised skills	8. Total wages per industry		
4. Skills demand change	9. Wages per capita		
5. Job change by industry	10. Advertised vacancy trends		
	11. Data sources		

# Setting the scene

#### The largest industries in the LLEP area compared to national levels

The chart below shows the largest industries in the LLEP area (blue bar) and how they compare to the national picture (grey line):



#### Above national average:

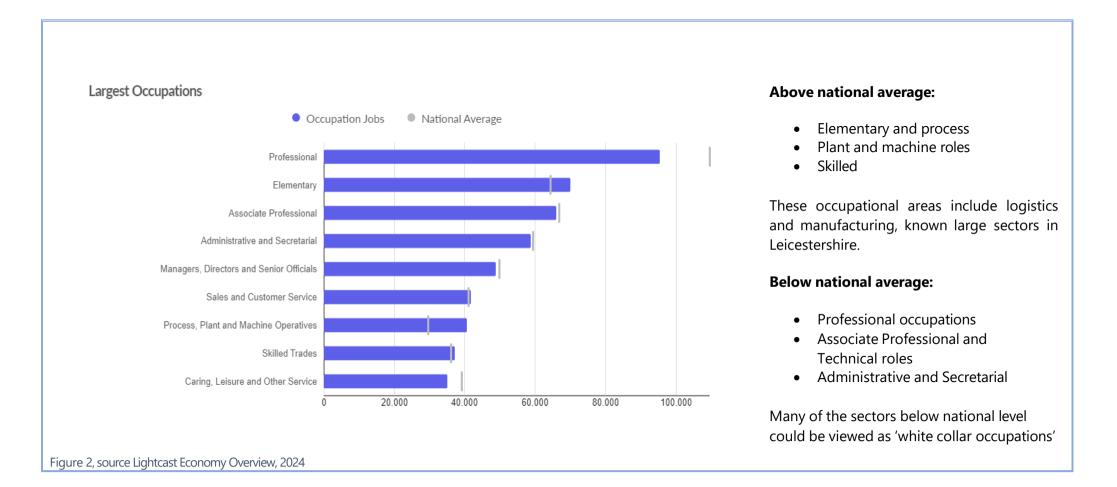
Wholesale and retail trade

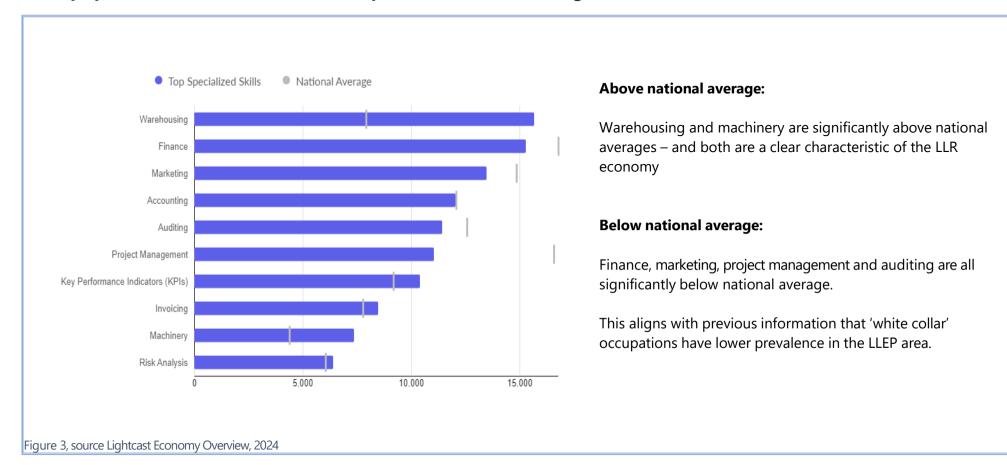
All big industries in the LLEP area and above national average. Electricity, gas and energy, and mining are also above well above national averages but employ smaller

- Human health and social
- Administration and support services
- Accommodation and food services

All big industries below national average

#### The most common occupations in the LLEP area compared to the national picture





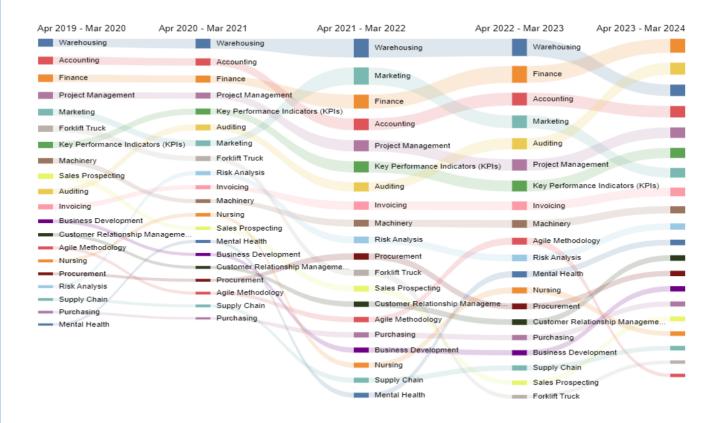
#### Top specialised skills - LLEP area compared to national average

# How the local skills demand is changing:

#### Headline skills demand, last 5 years

Top 20 Skills Matching Your Search Results by Quarter

Skill volatility helps us understand how demand for skills is changing over time.



#### Commentary

Job roles involving warehousing skills have been high over the past few years – but note in the past year the growth in finance and auditing.

Project management, accounting, marketing, and KPI skilled roles are also consistently LLEP area most sought after skills.

### Job-change by industry 2019 – 2024

The graph below shows the top 5 sectors for job increases and job decreases:

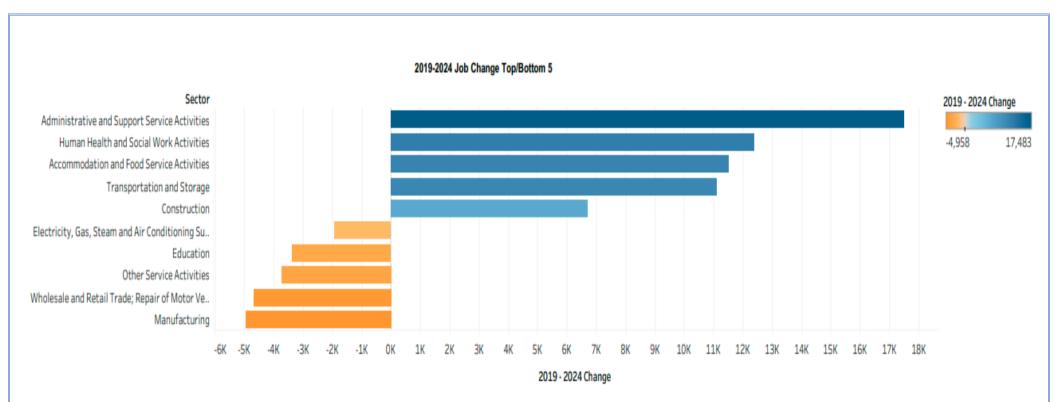


Figure 5

#### Commentary

Administrative and Support Service activity roles increased by 17,483 or 44% over the five- year period; some of these roles were likely related to supporting work activities during the pandemic. Health and Care increased by 12,382 or 25%, as roles increase to support the ageing population, followed by Accommodation and Food (11,500 or 41%). Manufacturing reduced by 4,959 roles, which may be the early signs of increased automation as the sector. Wholesale and Retail has also reduced by 4,686, possibly due to increased online shopping and automation.

# Change in demand for Specialised Skills 2019-2024

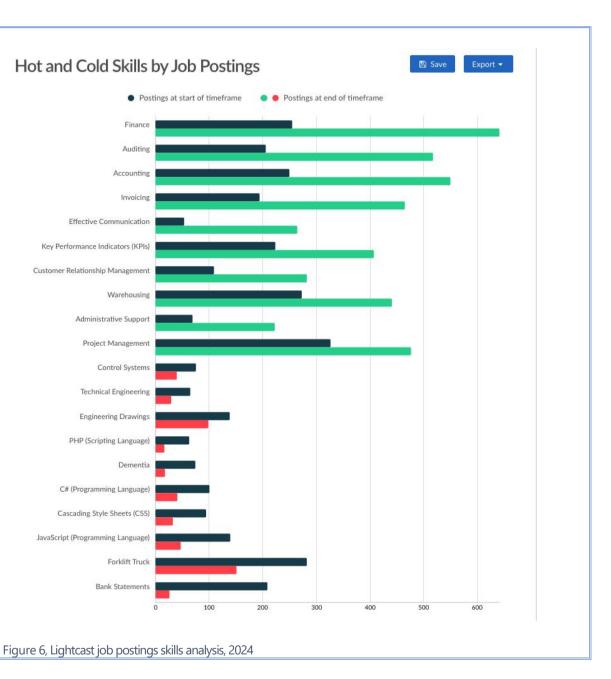
The graph shows the specialised skills that have grown or reduced in demand over the past 5 years:

#### Top 10 Increases –

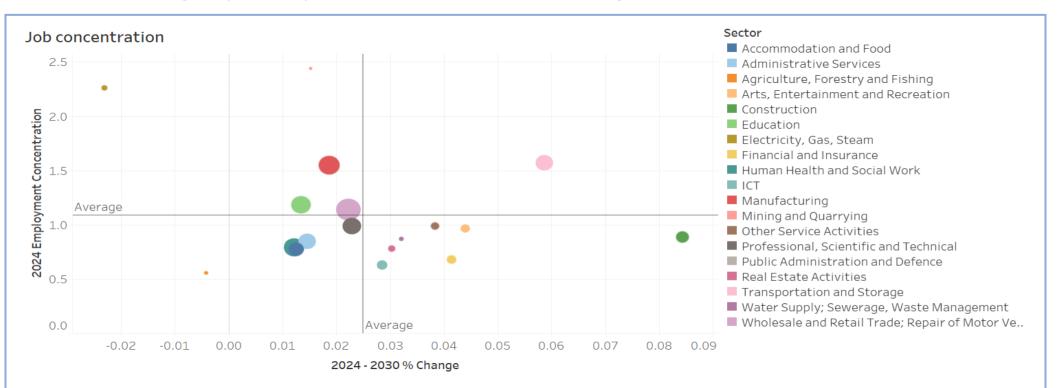
Finance (+65%), and Auditing (+94%) are two large skill areas in high demand. There are also exponential increases in postings involving Accounting (+94%), Invoicing (+59%), Effective Communication (+221%), Customer Relationship Management (+110%) and Warehousing (+67%).

#### Bottom 10 Increases -

It is notable that several of the 10 bottom specialised skills are computer programming languages / software skills. This does not necessarily suggest reduced demand for IT skills in general but that skills demand changes in the sector as different languages and software are used.



# **Forecast of future economy**



# Predicted changes by industry 2024-2030 (location quotient changes)

Figure 7, Lightcast location quotient and sector growth, 2024-2030

Transportation and storage look to be the growth industry for LLR in the next ten years, with both a strong LQ in 2024 and a positive rate of change for the LQ over the next 10 years.

Manufacturing is an industry that posts a strong LQ in 2024 but that is predicted to decrease a little by 2030. Construction has the highest growth in location quotient but is still under national averages.

# **Financial data**

#### Total wages per Industry in the LLEP area

The graph below shows total wages paid per industry and is coloured by the average wage per capita. For example, although Manufacturing has fewer total wages than Whole and Retail Trade et al, average wages in the Industry are higher.

Wages by industry and per job	es by industry and per job				Average Wages		
Industry	F	Total sector wages	Average Wages	£12,533	£3		
Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles a	and	£1,904,785,908	£24,801				
Manufacturing		£1,821,313,553	£28,152				
Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities		£1,388,699,160	£31,267				
Education		£1,341,533,040	£26,727				
Human Health and Social Work Activities		£1,120,423,776	£22,945				
Administrative and Support Service Activities		£815,474,196	£20,723				
Transportation and Storage		£803,011,806	£27,353				
Construction		£639,158,222	£30,871				
Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social	Sec	£533,276,249	£25,762				
Information and Communication		£402,435,420	£35,565				
Accommodation and Food Service Activities		£347,311,033	£12,533				
Financial and Insurance Activities		£309,928,375	£29,603				
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation		£292,910,165	£29,119				
Electricity, Gas, Steam and Air Conditioning Supply		£216,085,034	£37,125				
Other Service Activities		£211,030,009	£20,764				
Real Estate Activities		£160,767,351	£28,024				
Water Supply; Sewerage, Waste Management and Ren	nedi	£71,230,259	£29,535				
Mining and Quarrying		£62,746,898	£37,231				
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing		£61,756,778	£23,992				

Wholesale and Retail • Trade et al contributes. £1.90 billion in wages to the LLEP economy. However, wages per capita are average.

£37.231

- Manufacturing is the second highest total, paying workers above average wages.
- Health and Social work; Admin and Support services; Agriculture; and Accommodation and Food are low wage sectors.

Figure 8, Lightcast sector wages and average area sector wages, 2024

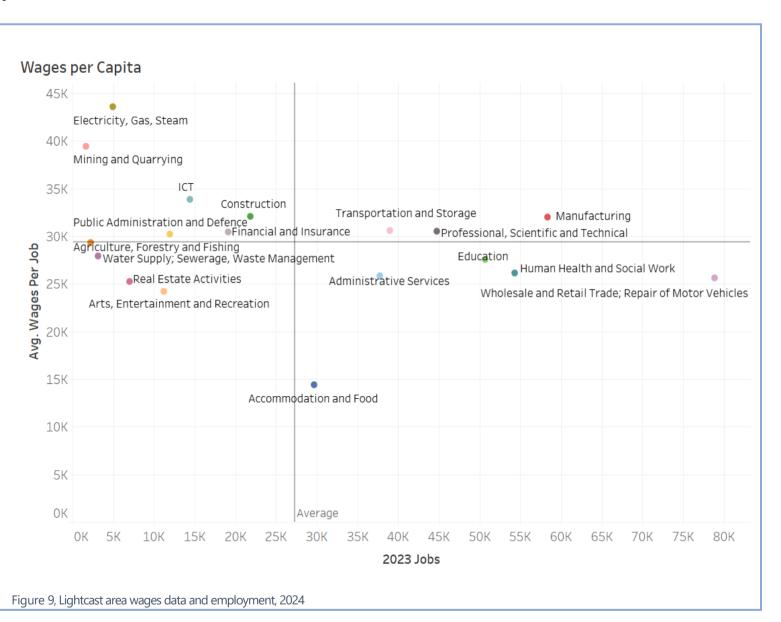
#### Wages per capita compared to Jobs

#### Commentary

Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities job roles; Transportation and Storage; as well as Manufacturing roles are above average in both wages per capita and total jobs in the LLEP area.

Electricity et al and Mining and Quarrying are the highest paying sectors on average but employ low numbers of people (but still significantly higher than other areas on average).

Accommodation and Food Service Activities is one of a few industries above average in terms of total jobs, but below the wages per capita average LLEP sets. Other industries include Administrative and Support Service Activities and Human Health and Social Work Activities.



# **Job Posting Trends**

### The graph shows the trend in Leicester and Leicestershire job vacancies posted online since April 2019.



#### **Data Sources**

All data points have been sourced from economic modelling specialist Lightcast, who collate accurate and up-to-date labour market data from varies sources, including the following datasets:

Annual Business Inquiry (ABI) • Annual Population Survey (APS) • Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings (ASHE) • Business Register and Employment Survey (BRES) • Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA) • Labour Force Survey (LFS) • Working Futures (WF) Workforce Job Series (WJS) • Office for National Statistics (ONS)

These sources are collected and combined to create Lightcast's industry and occupation data, as well as staffing patterns used to connect the two.

#### Report updated in March 2024 by:

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