

LLEP Business and Economic Intelligence Update

Issue 52 – 31 January 2024

Contents

1.	Economic Roundup	1
	Announcement/ News Story/ Press Release.....	1
	Research.....	1
2.	Claimant Count	2
3.	Universal Credit Claimants.....	6
4.	Relationships.....	6
5.	Job Postings	8
6.	Business Closures and Incorporations.....	12
7.	Useful Links.....	16

1. Economic Roundup

A summary of some key announcements since the last update together with a round-up of recently published research and insights from a range of organisations.

Announcement/ News Story/ Press Release

[Roadmap published to accelerate growth in port towns and cities](#): The UK Government has announced an action plan of over 50 measures to further accelerate the success of Freeports - a policy reviving the UK's port communities – 22/12/2023.

Research

[Economic Estimates: Employment in DCMS sectors and digital sector, July 2022 to June 2023:](#) National Statistics used to provide an estimate of the contribution of DCMS sectors and digital sector to the UK economy, measured by employment – 16/01/2024.

[Education, Qualifications and Training Statistics for Rural England:](#) Education, Qualifications and Training Statistics for Rural England - January 2024 – 16/01/2024.

[UK labour market: January 2024:](#) Estimates of employment, unemployment, inactivity, average weekly earnings, vacancies and other labour market related statistics for the UK – 16/01/2024.

[Public opinions and social trends, Great Britain: 13 December 2023 to 1 January 2024:](#) Insights on important issues facing society today from the Opinions and Lifestyle Survey (OPN) – 12/01/2024.

[Business insights and impact on the UK economy:](#) The impact of challenges facing the economy and other events on UK businesses. Based on responses from the voluntary fortnightly business survey (BICS) to deliver real-time information to help assess issues affecting UK busi... - 11/01/2024.

[Understanding unemployment: an intersectional analysis:](#) Using Census 2021, this analysis considers experiences of unemployment across 38 intersectional groups – 10/01/2024.

[Universal Credit statistics, 29 April 2013 to 9 November 2023:](#) Statistics for the number of claims, starts, people and households on Universal Credit – 19/12/2023.

2. Claimant Count

In December 2023 the claimant rate in the Leicester and Leicestershire area was 3.1%. This translates to 21,250 claimants. In November the figure was 3.2% (21,745). At a national level the claimant rate in England was 3.8%. This is 0.7 of a percentage point higher than the local figure.

The picture is very different in the city and county with Leicester having a claimant rate of 4.9% and Leicestershire 2.1%. This is a difference of 2.8 percentage points. Leicester's claimant rate is 1.1 percentage points higher than the England average (3.8%) and Leicestershire's 1.7 percentage points lower.

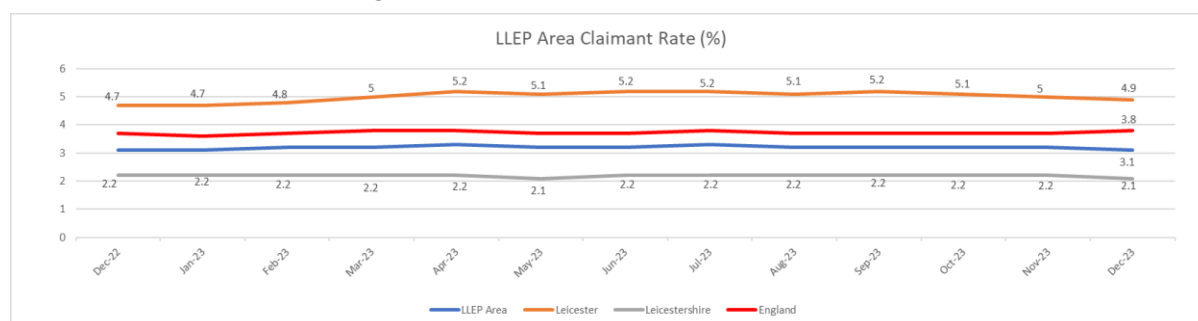


Figure 1: LLEP Area Claimant Rate (%) December 2022 – December 2023
Source: ONS

Figure 2 below provides an annual comparator for the Leicester and Leicestershire area and compares this with regional and national figures.

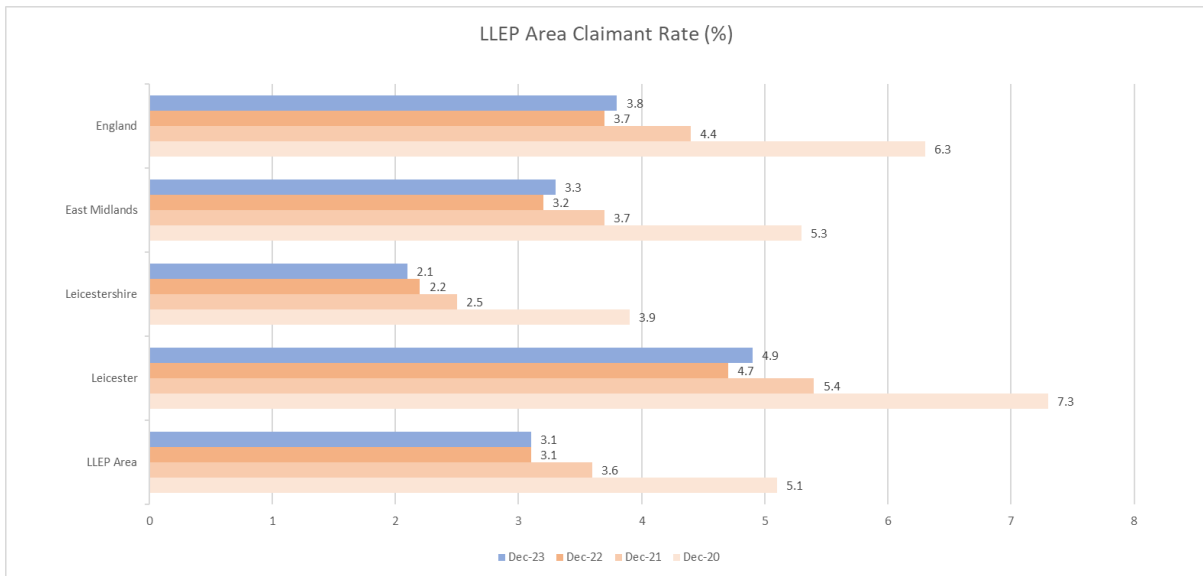


Figure 2: LLEP Area Claimant Rate (%) December 2020 - December 2023
Source: ONS

Of the 21,250 claimants over half (56% or 11,905) were based in Leicester and 9,345 or 44% in Leicestershire.

In March 2020 the claimant rate was 2.3% (or 15,145). Between March 2020 and the end of December 2023 the claimant rate increased by 0.8 of a percentage point to 3.1% (21,250). This translates to an additional 6,105 claimants or a percentage increase of 40.3%.

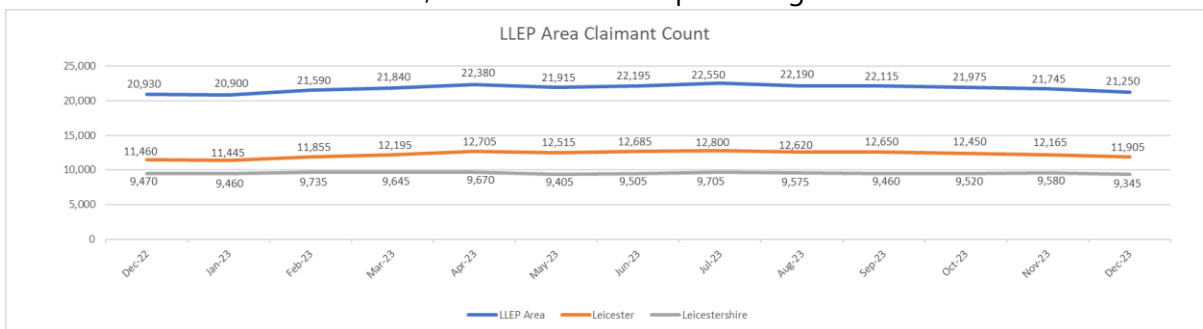


Figure 3: LLEP Area Claimant Count December 2022 – December 2023
Source: ONS

In the Leicester and Leicestershire area over the period March to August 2020 the number of claimants grew from 15,145 to 36,025 (it's peak locally). This was a rise of 20,880 claimants or 138%. When comparing the figures for August 2020 and December 2023 against those for March 2020 the difference has fallen from 20,880 to 6,015. Since December 2022 the number of claimants has risen by 320 (from 20,930).

Figure 11 later in the report, demonstrates the claimant rate over the period January 2020 to December 2023 and the number of unique job postings (for the same period).

Figures 4 and 5 below project claimant numbers forward to the end of December 2024. Projections are based on the last 3, 5 and 8 months and an average of these. This helps to

identify the direction of travel in relation to claimant numbers. The average figure for November 2024 is 18,678 or 2.7%. This is above the pre-pandemic level of 2.3%. Figures demonstrate a downward trend in claimant numbers.

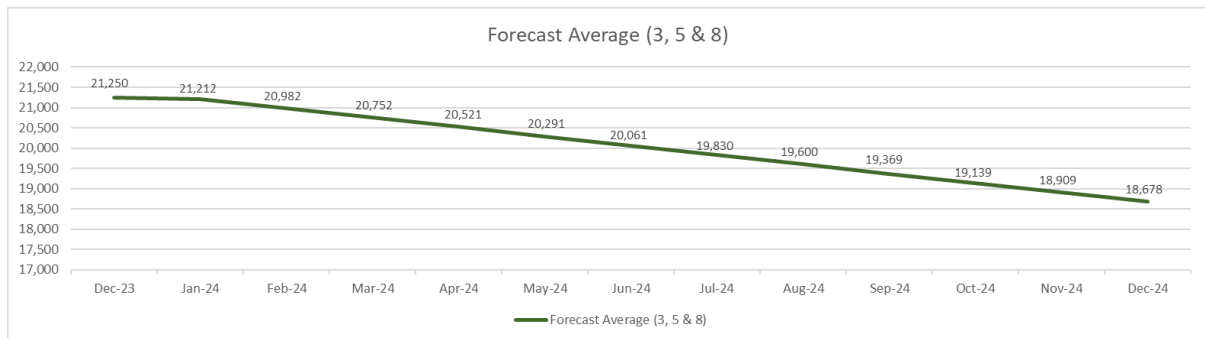


Figure 4: LLEP Area Claimant Forecast Average to December 2024

Source Data: ONS

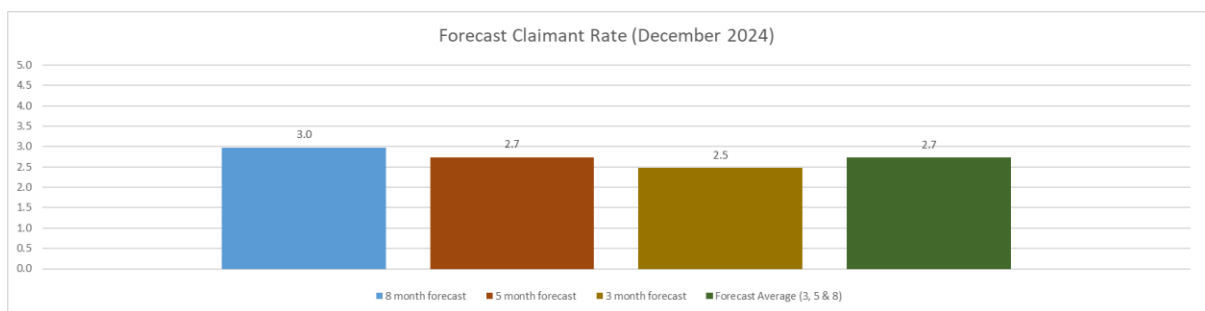


Figure 5: LLEP Area Claimant Rate Forecast, 3, 5, 8 and Forecast Average, December 2024

Source Data: ONS

Note: Forecasts are linear, claimant numbers however are governed by a variety of events both foreseen and unforeseen, as such forecast data should be treated with caution.

In relation to age figures for December 2023 these demonstrate that there were on average a larger share of claimants that were 18-24 years old (3.8%) than claimants that were 25-49 years old (3.6%) and 50 years and over (2.4%). The national claimant rate for 18–24-year-olds (5.1%), 25–49-year-olds (4.3%) and those that are 50+ (2.8%) are higher than local figures.

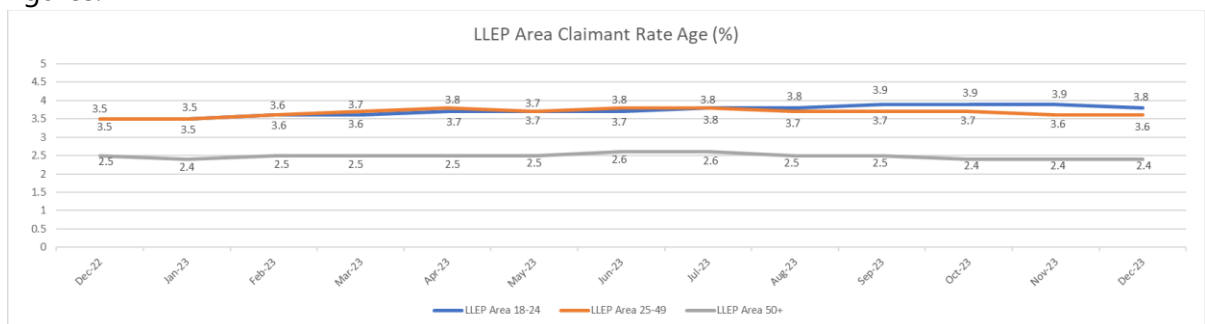


Figure 6: LLEP Area Claimant Rate by Age (%) December 2022 – December 2023

Source: ONS

Figure 7 below demonstrates the claimant rate for 18-24 years olds for the Leicester and Leicestershire area and its component parts.

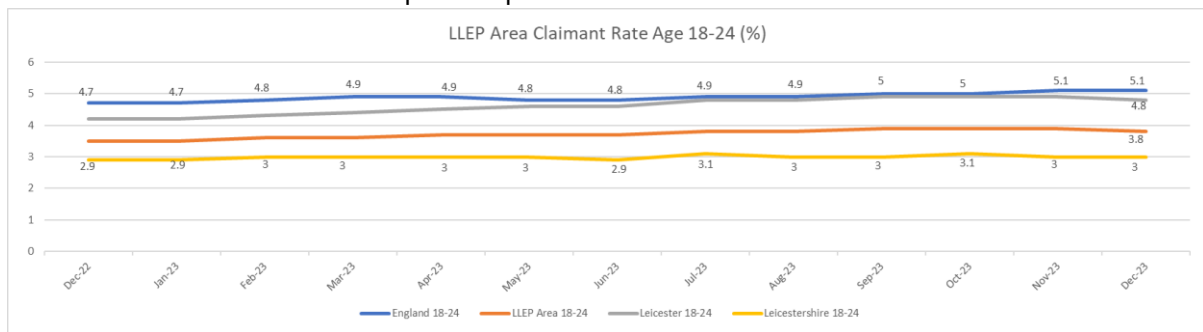


Figure 7: LLEP Area Claimant Rate by Claimants Aged 18-24 (%) December 2022 – December 2023
Source: ONS

Eleven thousand seven hundred and ninety (55.5%) claimants were male and 9,460 (44.5%) were female.

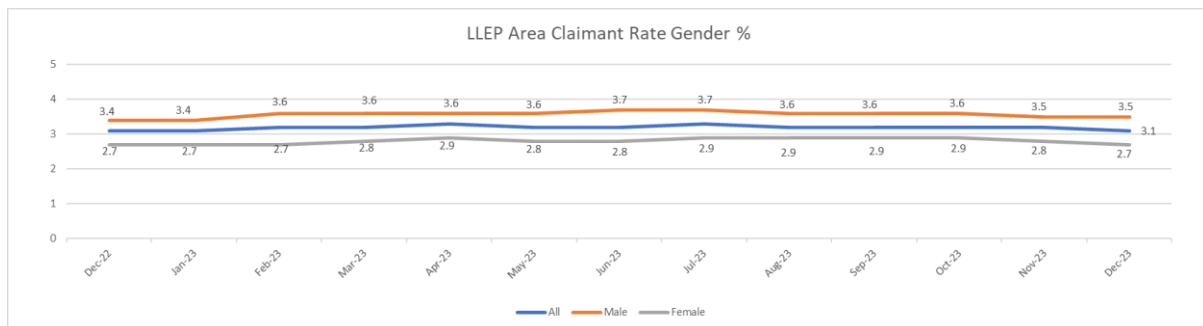


Figure 8: LLEP Area Claimant Rate by Gender (%) December 2022 – December 2023
Source: ONS

The figure below demonstrates the number of claimants in the Leicester and Leicestershire area over the period December 2015 to December 2023.

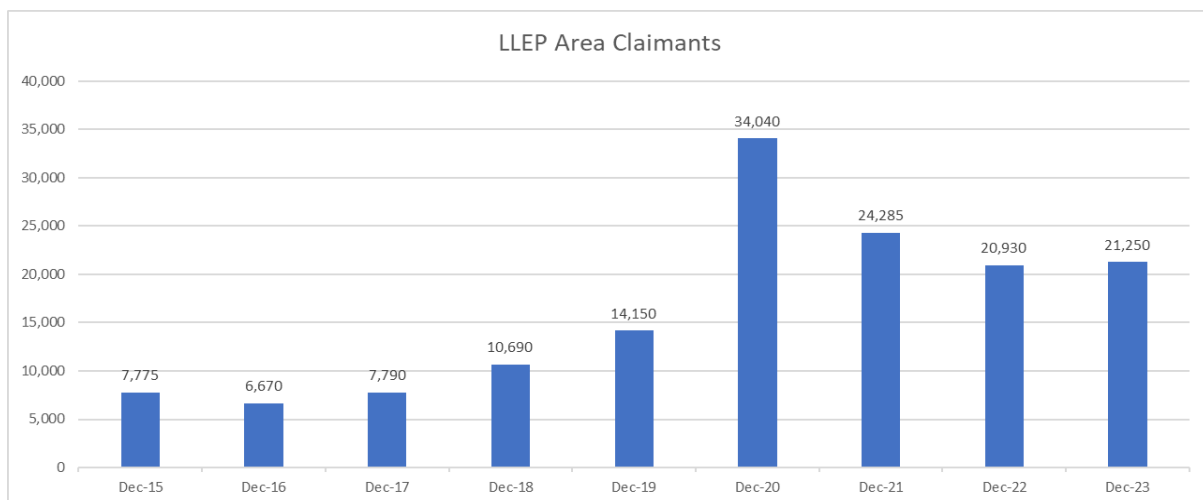


Figure 9: LLEP Area Claimant Count December 2015 – December 2023
Source: ONS

Note: Figures will be revised by the Office for National Statistics.

3. Universal Credit Claimants

Universal Credit claimants are placed in a conditionality group based on their circumstances and work capability. This determines what is expected of them during their claim.

Over the last month (November to December) the numbers searching, planning, or preparing for work has fallen from 27,883 to 27,489. The numbers who are working has risen from 34,485 to 35,703.

From December 2022 those searching, planning, or preparing for work has risen by 1,450 (from 26,039). Over the same period those with no work requirements grew by 7,176 (26,399 to 33,515).

Since March 2020 there's been a significant rise in the number of people who are not seeking work/ have no work requirements with numbers trebling during the period. In March 2020, the figure was 10,997 and in December 2023 it was 33,515 (a rise of 22,518 or 204.8%).

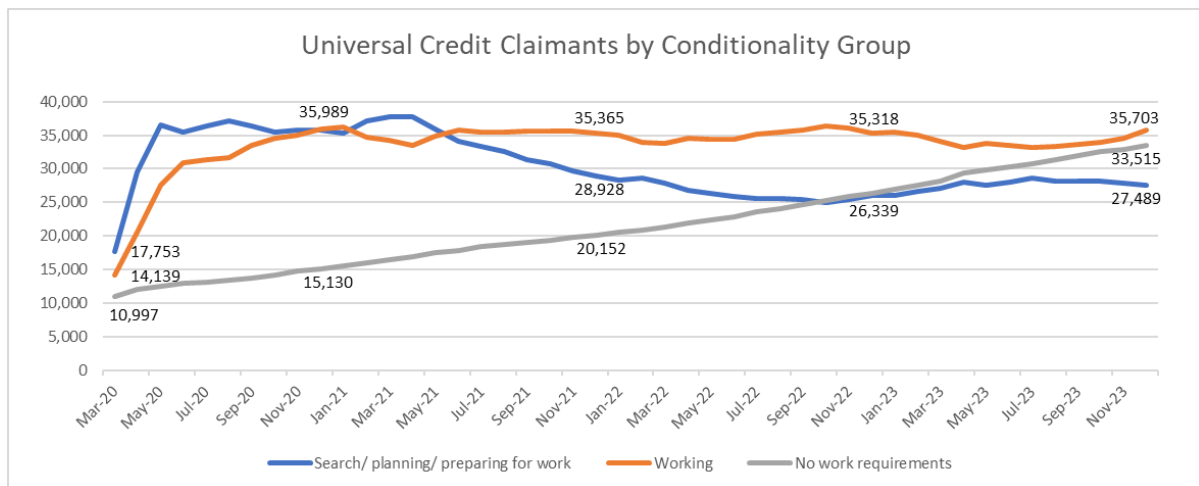


Figure 10: LLEP Area Universal Credit Claimant Count by Conditionality Group March 2020 – December 2023
Source: DWP via Stat-Xplore

For more data on Job Seekers Allowance and the Universal Credit claimant count by district, visit the [Unemployment Dashboard](#) on the LSR Portal.

4. Relationships

The figure below demonstrates the relationship between the claimant count and unique job postings. Data is for the period January 2020 onwards in the Leicester and Leicestershire area.

In December there was a fall in the number of unique job postings (27,119 to 20,619). The claimant rate over the same period in the Leicester and Leicestershire area fell to 3.1%. The number of claimants fell from 21,745 to 21,250. This is the first time since October 2021 that the number of job postings is lower than the number of claimants.

Note: It must be noted that job posting and claimant data for the latest month will be revised.

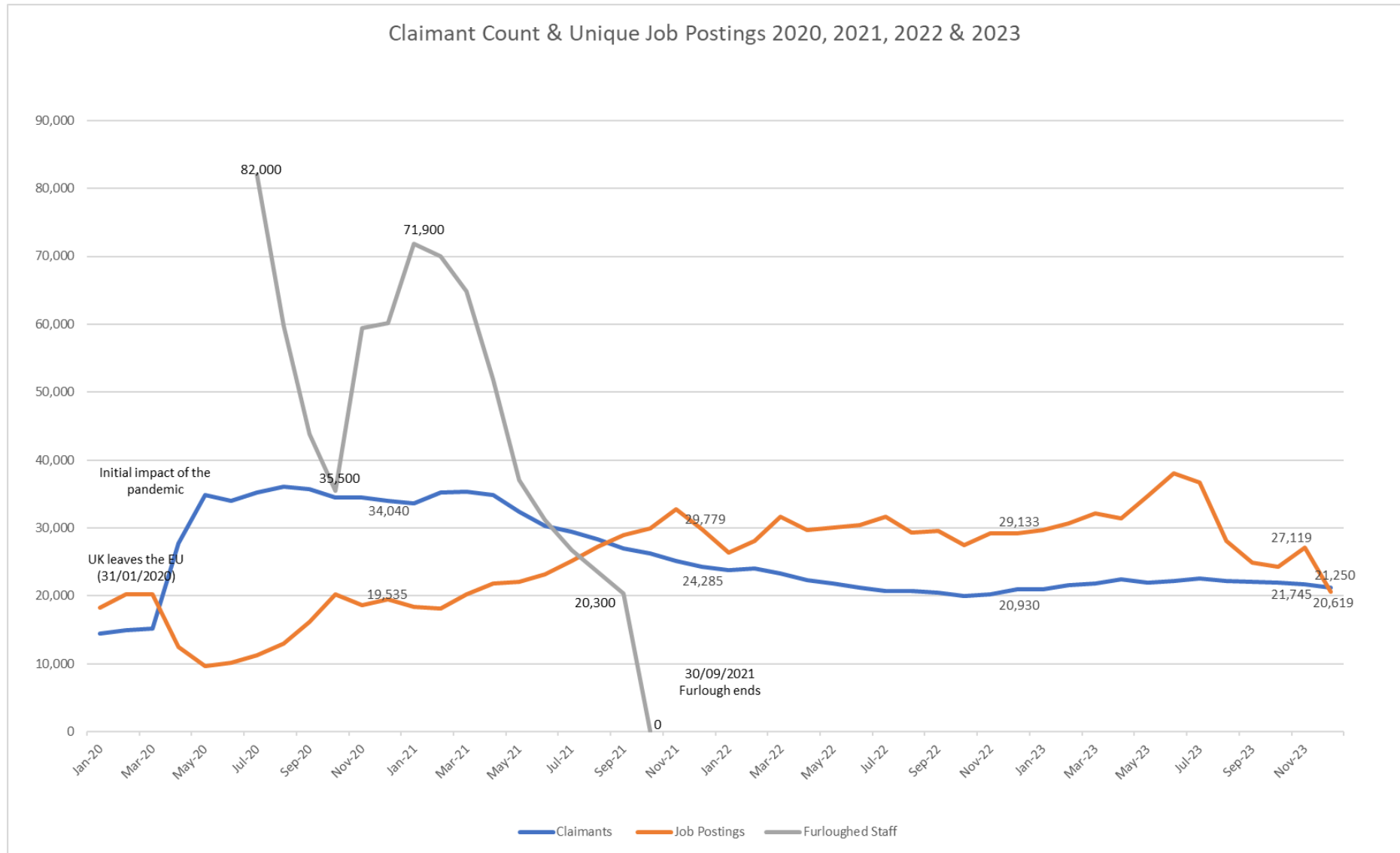


Figure 11: Monthly Claimant Count, Unique Job Postings and Total Number of Eligible Staff Furloughed January 2020 Onwards
 Source: ONS Claimant Count, Lightcast Unique Job Postings and HMRC Job Retention Scheme

5. Job Postings

Unique job posting data is drawn from a range of sources and provides timely data on how the trend in the number of live job adverts is changing in the Leicester and Leicestershire area by occupation.

However, the number of job adverts being posted is not a direct measure of labour force demand. Job adverts may not be removed from online job vacancy boards immediately once a position is filled, so the data may not fully reflect companies who have halted active recruitment.

The data is compiled from multiple job vacancy boards and adverts may still be considered “live” if the posting is still on any board, even when it has already been removed from an alternative source (Lightcast remove job postings from their Analyst platform after 61 days).

The scope of online job adverts does not fully capture the region’s economic activity because of differing advertising methods, for example, casual work may be advertised by word-of-mouth.

Table 1 demonstrates unique job postings by occupation for December 2023. These are compared with March 2020, December 2022 and November 2023. Standard Occupation Codes are at a two-digit level.

The number of unique job postings for December 2023 is lower than December 2022 by 8,514 (29,133 compared to 20,619). This is a fall of 29.2%.

Over the last month the number of job postings fell from 27,119 to 20,619. This is a fall of 6,500 or 24%.

In terms of numbers, over the last year there has been negative growth in job postings in all but three occupation areas.

In the last month there has been negative growth in job postings in all but one occupation area (protective service occupations).

As a means of further understanding how the local jobs market is changing, Table 2 demonstrates the year-to-date unique job postings figures for 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023 and compares these.

Across the job market the number of unique job postings (YTD) has increased from 67,684 in 2019 to 138,886 in 2023. This is growth of 71,202 or 105.2%. All occupations areas have seen growth.

2 Digit SOC	Occupation	Mar 2020 Unique Postings	Dec 2022 Unique Postings	Nov 2023 Unique Postings	Dec 2023 Unique Postings	Annual Growth	Annual Growth %	Monthly Growth	Monthly Growth % 2022	Dif Mar 2020 Dec 2023	% Dif Mar 2020 Dec 2023
11	Corporate Managers and Directors	1,214	1,667	1,468	1,088	(579)	-34.7	(380)	-25.9	(126)	(10.4)
12	Other Managers and Proprietors	585	928	843	641	(287)	-30.9	(202)	-24.0	56	9.6
21	Science, Research, Engineering and Technology Professionals	2,578	2,835	2,226	1,583	(1,252)	-44.2	(643)	-28.9	(995)	(38.6)
22	Health Professionals	867	1,399	1,042	891	(508)	-36.3	(151)	-14.5	24	2.8
23	Teaching and Other Educational Professionals	1,149	1,499	1,095	937	(562)	-37.5	(158)	-14.4	(212)	(18.5)
24	Business, Media and Public Service Professionals	1,723	2,450	2,417	1,818	(632)	-25.8	(599)	-24.8	95	5.5
31	Science, Engineering and Technology Associate Professionals	748	980	863	643	(337)	-34.4	(220)	-25.5	(105)	(14.0)
32	Health and Social Care Associate Professionals	259	741	646	525	(216)	-29.1	(121)	-18.7	266	102.7
33	Protective Service Occupations	29	110	116	176	66	60.0	60	51.7	147	506.9
34	Culture, Media and Sports Occupations	322	277	456	414	137	49.5	(42)	-9.2	92	28.6
35	Business and Public Service Associate Professionals	1,884	2,268	2,297	1,830	(438)	-19.3	(467)	-20.3	(54)	(2.9)
41	Administrative Occupations	1,526	2,083	2,113	1,563	(520)	-25.0	(550)	-26.0	37	2.4
42	Secretarial and Related Occupations	380	578	478	336	(242)	-41.9	(142)	-29.7	(44)	(11.6)
51	Skilled Agricultural and Related Trades	51	54	87	57	3	5.6	(30)	-34.5	6	11.8
52	Skilled Metal, Electrical and Electronic Trades	618	930	1,129	862	(68)	-7.3	(267)	-23.6	244	39.5
53	Skilled Construction and Building Trades	434	500	654	444	(56)	-11.2	(210)	-32.1	10	2.3
54	Textiles, Printing and Other Skilled Trades	251	340	232	180	(160)	-47.1	(52)	-22.4	(71)	(28.3)
61	Caring Personal Service Occupations	1,009	1,878	1,457	1,242	(636)	-33.9	(215)	-14.8	233	23.1
62	Leisure, Travel and Related Personal Service Occupations	116	246	225	174	(72)	-29.3	(51)	-22.7	58	50.0
63	Community and Civil Enforcement Occupations	4	10	10	9	(1)	-10.0	(1)	-10.0	5	125.0
71	Sales Occupations	1,064	1,501	1,881	1,395	(106)	-7.1	(486)	-25.8	331	31.1
72	Customer Service Occupations	503	818	786	572	(246)	-30.1	(214)	-27.2	69	13.7
81	Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	578	907	893	637	(270)	-29.8	(256)	-28.7	59	10.2
82	Transport and Mobile Machine Drivers and Operatives	1,132	1,007	1,086	686	(321)	-31.9	(400)	-36.8	(446)	(39.4)
91	Elementary Trades and Related Occupations	150	312	277	183	(129)	-41.3	(94)	-33.9	33	22.0
92	Elementary Administration and Service Occupations	1,015	2,719	2,246	1,658	(1,061)	-39.0	(588)	-26.2	643	63.3
	Total Across All Occupations	20,224	29,133	27,119	20,619	(8,514)	-29.2	(6,500)	-24.0	395	2.0

Table 1: LLEP area Job Postings by Standard Occupation Codes
Source: Lightcast

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Unique Postings YTD 2019	Unique Postings YTD 2020	Unique Postings YTD 2021	Unique Postings YTD 2022	Unique Postings YTD 2023	Growth 2019 - 2023	Growth %	Growth % Share
Corporate Managers and Directors	5.8	5.9	5.8	6.0	5.8	3,922	4,589	5,989	8,070	8,056	4,134	105.4	5.8
Other Managers and Proprietors	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.3	3.1	2,280	2,702	3,620	4,472	4,304	2,024	88.8	2.8
Science, Research, Engineering and Technology Professionals	11.0	11.8	10.2	10.4	8.8	7,428	9,077	10,618	13,843	12,166	4,738	63.8	6.7
Health Professionals	4.3	4.6	4.2	4.1	4.1	2,877	3,584	4,347	5,512	5,653	2,776	96.5	3.9
Teaching and Other Educational Professionals	4.3	4.9	4.1	4.5	4.7	2,905	3,781	4,245	6,057	6,461	3,556	122.4	5.0
Business, Media and Public Service Professionals	7.8	8.5	8.3	8.3	8.9	5,277	6,538	8,595	11,120	12,376	7,099	134.5	10.0
Science, Engineering and Technology Associate Professionals	4.1	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.4	2,760	2,869	3,808	5,006	4,654	1,894	68.6	2.7
Health and Social Care Associate Professionals	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.3	2.4	1,176	1,393	1,994	3,043	3,353	2,177	185.1	3.1
Protective Service Occupations	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	104	122	251	388	499	395	379.8	0.6
Culture, Media and Sports Occupations	1.5	1.2	1.0	0.9	1.4	1,006	928	1,064	1,195	1,884	878	87.3	1.2
Business and Public Service Associate Professionals	8.3	8.2	8.6	8.9	8.7	5,631	6,360	8,872	11,864	12,036	6,405	113.7	9.0
Administrative Occupations	7.1	6.8	7.4	7.7	8.3	4,834	5,257	7,622	10,241	11,563	6,729	139.2	9.5
Secretarial and Related Occupations	2.1	1.6	2.1	2.1	2.0	1,421	1,243	2,174	2,749	2,758	1,337	94.1	1.9
Skilled Agricultural and Related Trades	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	144	196	370	359	500	356	247.2	0.5
Skilled Metal, Electrical and Electronic Trades	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.8	2,024	2,447	3,388	4,333	5,258	3,234	159.8	4.5
Skilled Construction and Building Trades	2.0	2.1	2.2	1.8	2.3	1,386	1,596	2,298	2,390	3,132	1,746	126.0	2.5
Textiles, Printing and Other Skilled Trades	1.2	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.0	799	724	891	1,527	1,404	605	75.7	0.8
Caring Personal Service Occupations	4.5	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.1	3,026	4,204	5,578	7,292	7,139	4,113	135.9	5.8
Leisure, Travel and Related Personal Service Occupations	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	562	432	715	1,007	1,221	659	117.3	0.9
Community and Civil Enforcement Occupations	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	13	11	51	53	52	39	300.0	0.1
Sales Occupations	6.0	5.1	5.1	4.9	6.2	4,076	3,917	5,255	6,566	8,617	4,541	111.4	6.4
Customer Service Occupations	3.0	2.4	2.9	2.8	2.7	1,999	1,834	3,027	3,774	3,682	1,683	84.2	2.4
Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	3.3	3.0	3.5	3.7	3.5	2,209	2,335	3,605	4,949	4,930	2,721	123.2	3.8
Transport and Mobile Machine Drivers and Operatives	6.4	6.4	5.2	3.9	3.4	4,301	4,934	5,406	5,276	4,673	372	8.6	0.5
Elementary Trades and Related Occupations	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.0	732	787	1,218	1,367	1,334	602	82.2	0.8
Elementary Administration and Service Occupations	6.7	6.6	8.1	8.1	7.7	4,526	5,096	8,353	10,826	10,723	6,197	136.9	8.7
Total Across All Occupations	100	100	100	100	100	67,684	77,146	103,633	133,700	138,886	71,202	105.2	100.0

Table 2: LLEP area Job Postings Comparator by Standard Occupation Codes

Source: Lightcast

Table 3 demonstrates job posting numbers by district area for December 2022 onwards.

Area	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23	Jul-23	Aug-23	Sep-23	Oct-23	Nov-23	Dec-23
Blaby	621	552	541	606	608	697	763	786	669	563	581	644	498
Charnwood	3,710	3,687	3,832	4,200	4,139	4,643	5,187	5,288	4,105	3,604	3,528	3,874	2,813
Harborough	2,258	2,080	2,067	2,276	2,305	2,575	2,868	2,774	2,177	2,009	1,980	2,262	1,714
Hinckley & Bosworth	1,619	1,561	1,678	1,855	1,880	2,198	2,459	2,339	1,851	1,700	1,730	1,882	1,415
Leicester	16,551	17,448	17,893	18,297	17,552	18,975	20,356	19,232	14,431	12,932	12,600	14,070	10,916
Leicestershire	12,582	12,205	12,718	13,848	13,826	15,776	17,665	17,455	13,621	11,979	11,721	13,049	9,703
Melton	993	1,061	1,160	1,253	1,149	1,301	1,463	1,458	1,080	948	921	1,018	759
NW Leics	2,996	2,924	3,059	3,210	3,295	3,875	4,336	4,238	3,280	2,742	2,578	2,902	2,132
Oadby & Wigston	385	340	381	448	450	487	589	572	459	413	403	467	372
Total	29,133	29,653	30,611	32,145	31,378	34,751	38,021	36,687	28,052	24,911	24,321	27,119	20,619

Table 3: Unique Job Postings by Local & District Authority
Source: Lightcast

Figure 12 provides an understanding of monthly job postings for the Leicester and Leicestershire area for the period March 2020 onwards.

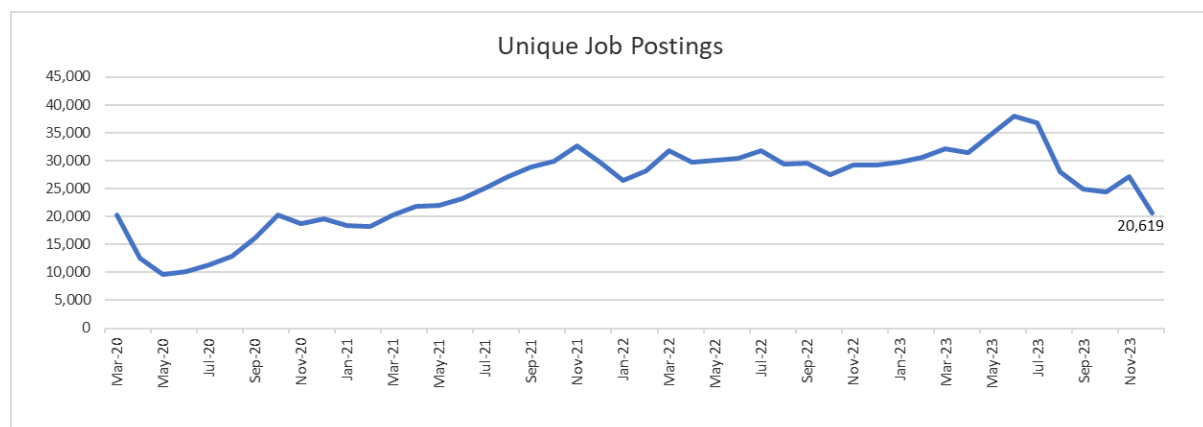


Figure 12: LLEP Area Unique Job Postings March 2020 to December 2023
Source: Lightcast

Figure 13 shows job posting data for Leicester and Leicestershire.

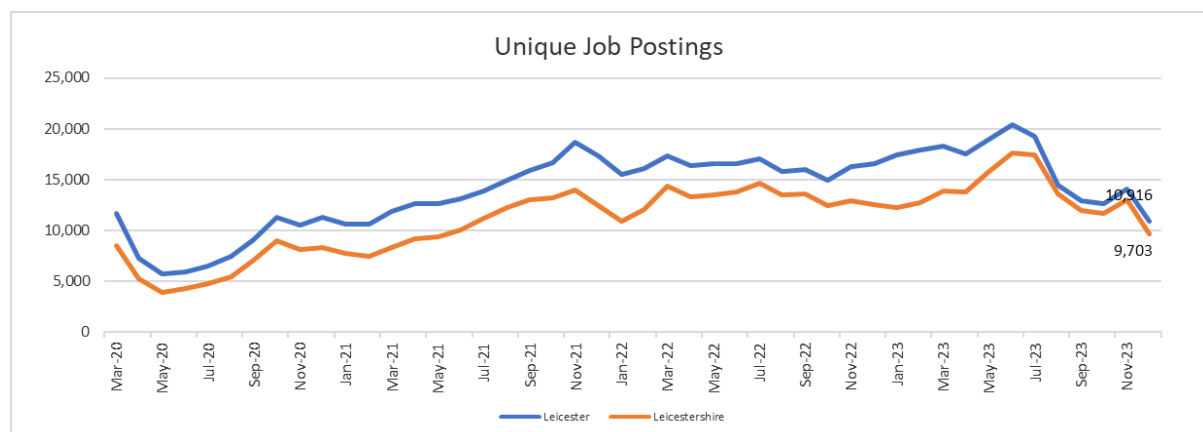


Figure 13: Leicester and Leicestershire Unique Job Postings March 2020 to December 2023
Source: Lightcast

6. Business Closures and Incorporations

In December 2023 the number of businesses that ceased trading was 840. The figure for December 2019 was 623, 2020 439, 2021 640 and 2022 947.

In November 2023 there were 759 businesses that ceased trading. This is a monthly rise of 81 failures.

Figure 14 below compares the monthly numbers of dissolved or liquidated businesses for the years 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023.

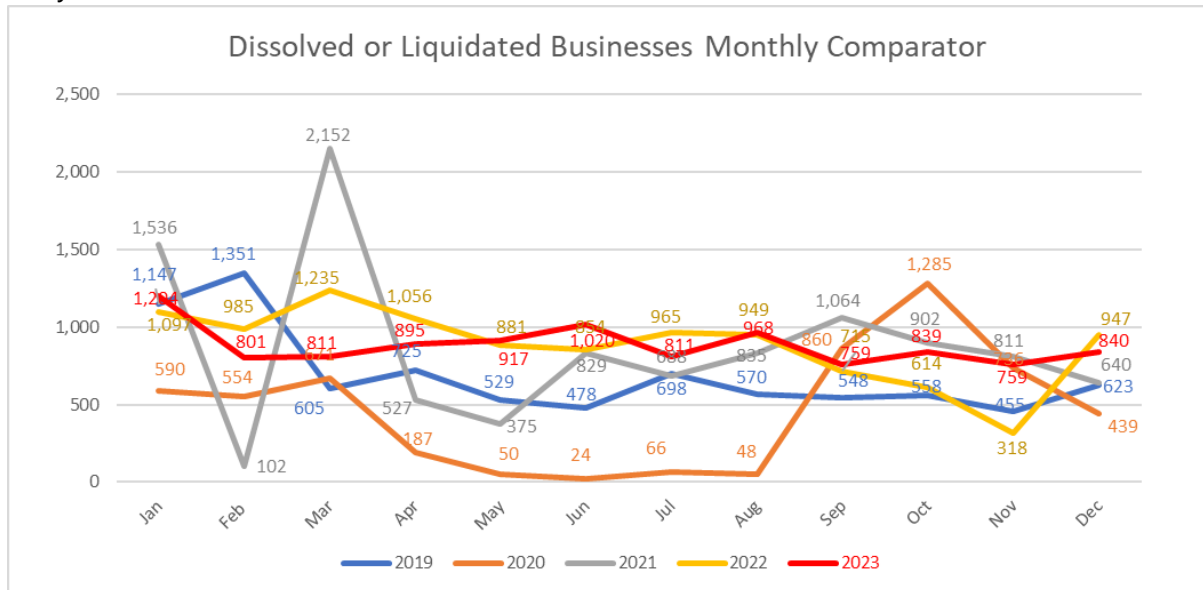


Figure 14: LLEP Area Dissolved or Liquidated Businesses Monthly Comparator
Source: BVD Fame

Figure 15 demonstrates the cumulative growth in business failures for the years 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023.

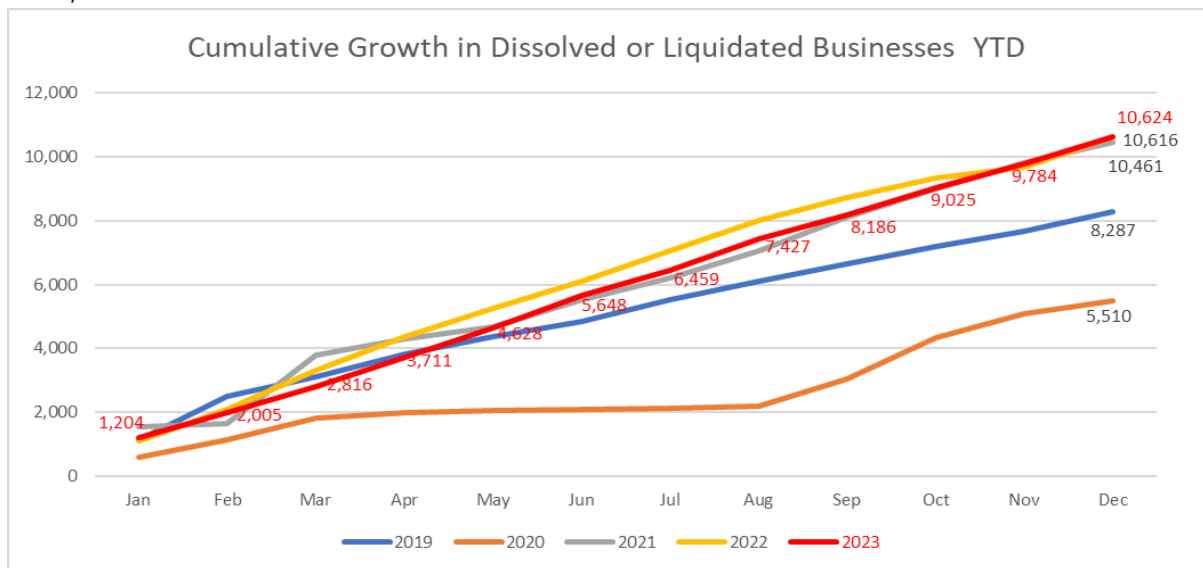


Figure 15: LLEP Area Cumulative Growth in Dissolved or Liquidated Businesses 2019, 20, 21, 22 and 23.
Source: BVD Fame

In 2023 (to the end of December) there were 10,624 failures. For the same period in 2019 the figure was 8,287, in 2020 5,510, 2021 10,461 and 2022 10,616.

Figure 16 demonstrates the cumulative growth in business incorporations for the years 2019, 20, 21, 22 and 23.

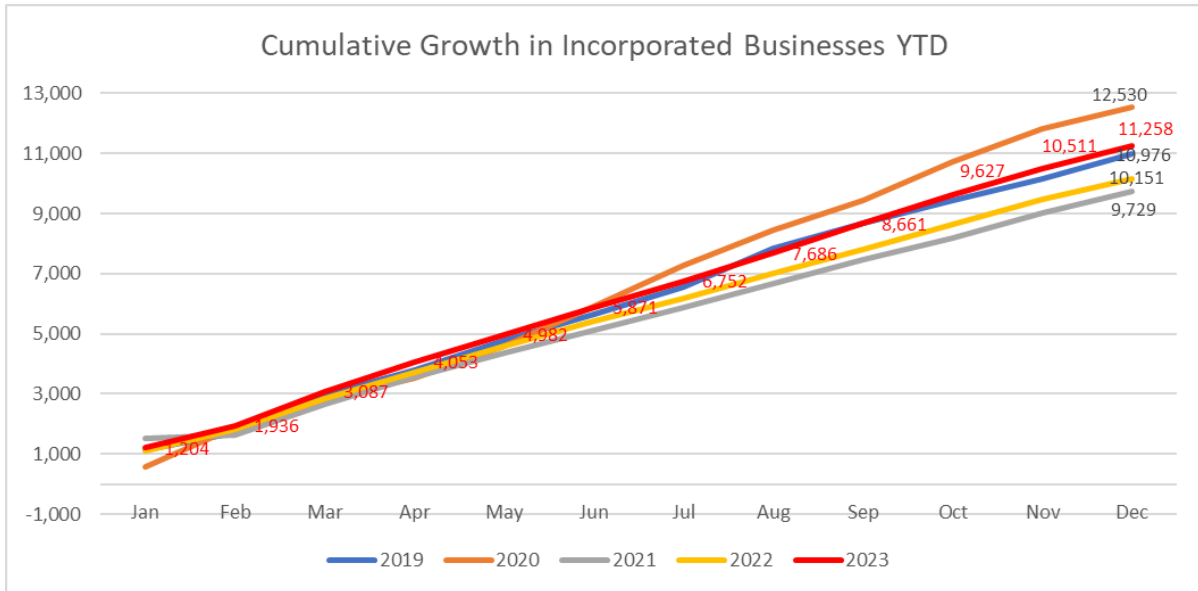


Figure 16: LLEP Area Cumulative Growth in Incorporated Businesses 2019, 20, 21, 22 and 23.
Source: BVD Fame

In 2023 (to the end of December) there were 11,258 incorporations. For the same period in 2019 the figure was 10,976, in 2020 12,530, 2021 9,729 and 2022 10,151.

In December 2023 the number of businesses that were incorporated was 747. The figure for December 2019 was 809, 2020 701, 2021 710 and 2022 677.

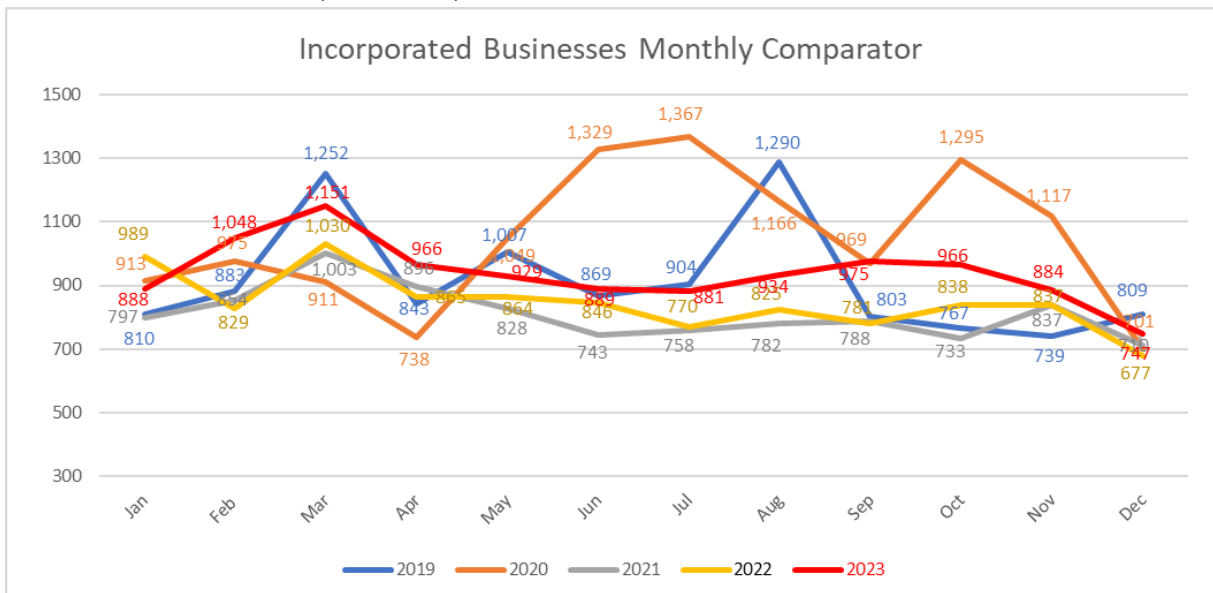


Figure 17: LLEP Area Incorporated Businesses Monthly Comparator
Source: BVD Fame

Figure 18 compares the monthly numbers of dissolved and incorporated businesses for the period January 2022 onwards.

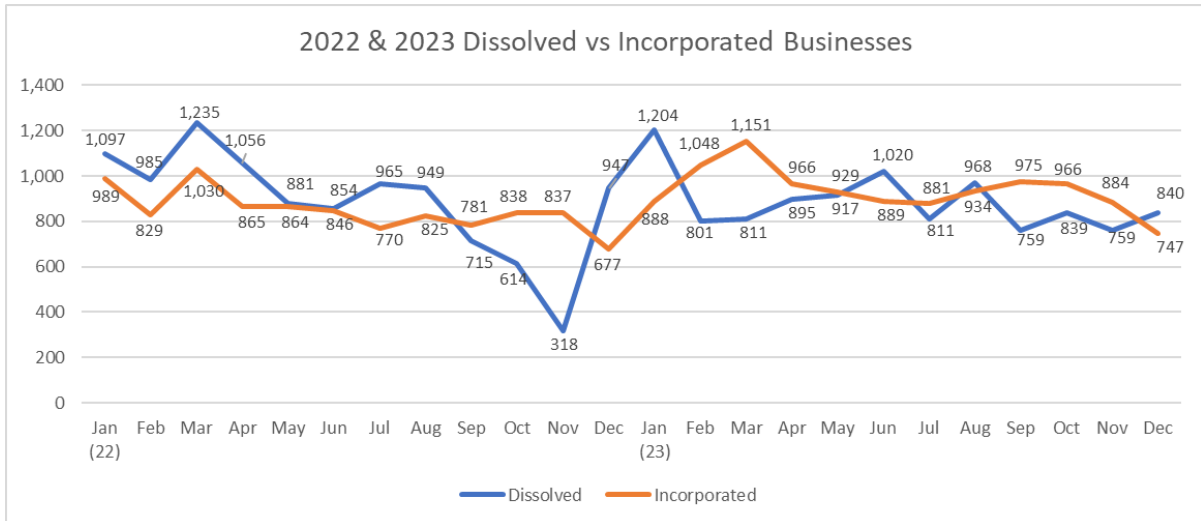


Figure 18: LLEP Area Dissolved and Incorporated Businesses Monthly Comparator
Source: BVD Fame

Figure 19 compares the year-to-date figures for all district areas.

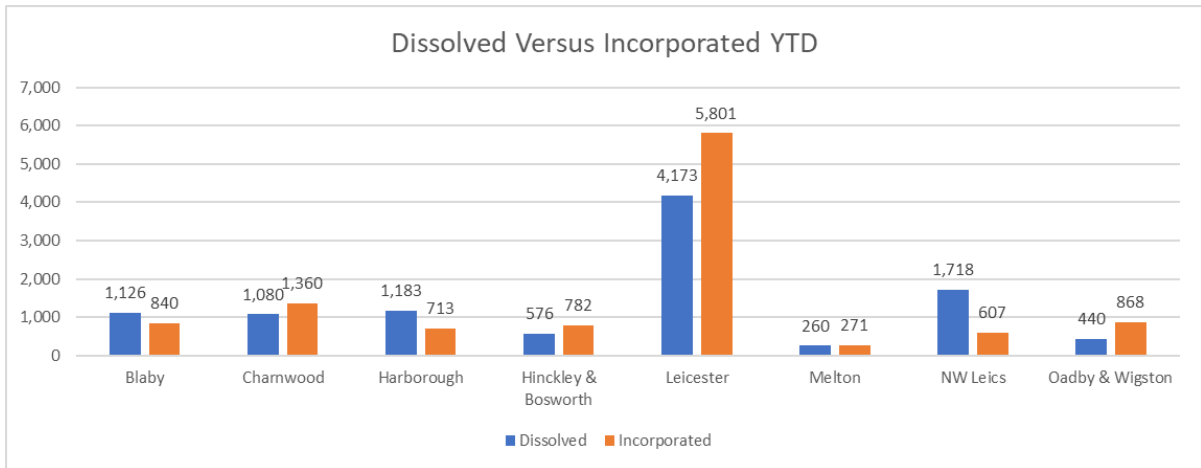


Figure 19: LLEP Area Dissolved and Incorporated Businesses Monthly Area Comparator
Source: BVD Fame

When comparing closures with incorporations in 2023 (YTD) there were 10,624 closures and 11,258 incorporations. This is a difference of 634.

Table 4 demonstrates those sectors where there have been 20 or more business failures and 20 or more incorporations for the year to date (2023). Table 4 also helps provide an understanding of the impact of the cost-of-living crisis on business and how different sectors are reacting. It shows how different parts of the local business community are expanding and contracting.

Note: Latest figures were gained on the 08/01/2023 and they may be subject to some adjustment. Figures may also reflect delays in notifications and processing of data returns to Companies House.

Activity (prim. UK SIC 2007)	Dis	%	Inc	%
Retail trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	1,199	11.4	1,492	13.3
Wholesale trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	528	5.0	998	8.9
Real estate activities	521	4.9	955	8.5
Food and beverage service activities	667	6.3	840	7.5
Human health activities	269	2.5	532	4.7
Specialised construction activities	473	4.5	493	4.4
Construction of buildings	416	3.9	437	3.9
Computer programming, consultancy and related activities	853	8.1	434	3.9
Other personal service activities	412	3.9	434	3.9
Activities of head offices; management consultancy activities	633	6.0	391	3.5
Financial service activities, except insurance and pension funding	188	1.8	357	3.2
Land transport and transport via pipelines	400	3.8	307	2.7
Wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	224	2.1	307	2.7
Services to buildings and landscape activities	251	2.4	217	1.9
Other professional, scientific and technical activities	250	2.4	191	1.7
Education	176	1.7	187	1.7
Office administrative, office support and other business support activities	492	4.7	179	1.6
Residential care activities	83	0.8	174	1.5
Architectural and engineering activities; technical testing and analysis	148	1.4	139	1.2
Employment activities	111	1.1	126	1.1
Warehousing and support activities for transportation	118	1.1	118	1.0
Advertising and market research	100	0.9	110	1.0
Legal and accounting activities	122	1.2	90	0.8
Sports activities and amusement and recreation activities	102	1.0	85	0.8
Motion picture, video and television programme production, sound recording and music publishing activities	70	0.7	71	0.6
Publishing activities	34	0.3	71	0.6
Information service activities	79	0.7	64	0.6
Accommodation	40	0.4	63	0.6
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	31	0.3	63	0.6
Manufacture of food products	55	0.5	62	0.6
Social work activities without accommodation	42	0.4	58	0.5
Travel agency, tour operator and other reservation service and related activities	35	0.3	56	0.5
Rental and leasing activities	36	0.3	55	0.5
Postal and courier activities	67	0.6	52	0.5
Creative, arts and entertainment activities	62	0.6	52	0.5
Other manufacturing	52	0.5	52	0.5
Security and investigation activities	48	0.5	51	0.5
Manufacture of wearing apparel	103	1.0	44	0.4
Civil engineering	43	0.4	42	0.4
Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	50	0.5	40	0.4
Crop and animal production, hunting and related service activities	37	0.4	40	0.4
Printing and reproduction of recorded media	37	0.4	36	0.3
Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment	47	0.4	35	0.3
Manufacture of textiles	61	0.6	34	0.3
Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture; manufacture of articles of straw and plaiting materials	29	0.3	30	0.3
Manufacture of furniture	26	0.2	26	0.2
Repair of computers and personal and household goods	22	0.2	26	0.2
Activities auxiliary to financial services and insurance activities	52	0.5	25	0.2
Activities of membership organisations	16	0.2	24	0.2
Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers	14	0.1	23	0.2
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	14	0.1	22	0.2
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	21	0.2	18	0.2
Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	21	0.2	13	0.1
Telecommunications	33	0.3	9	0.1
All	10624	100	11258	100

Table 4 LLEP Area Dissolved or Liquidated and Incorporated Businesses by Sector Year to Date 2023

Source: BVD Fame

7. Useful Links

GOV.UK

[GOV.UK](#) is a United Kingdom public sector information website, created by the Government Digital Service to provide a single point of access to HM Government services and data/information.

Leicester and Leicestershire Local Enterprise Partnership

The Local Enterprise Partnership works in partnership across the midlands. Information relating to its work can be accessed by going to the [Leicestershire Local Enterprise Partnership website](#).

LSR Online

Leicestershire County Council works in partnership with the LLEP to provide a single online portal for local economic data across Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland. The [LSR Portal](#) holds data across a wide range of economic indicators (in addition to other measures including health and wellbeing), the majority of which are available at district level.

Midlands Engine Economic Observatory

The [Midlands Engine Economic Observatory](#) is an analytical function of the Midlands Engine, providing comprehensive and contemporary data, analysis and intelligence on the whole Midlands economy.

NOMIS

[Nomis](#) is a service provided by the Office for National Statistics, ONS, to give free access to the most detailed and up-to-date UK labour market statistics from official sources.

Office for National Statistics (ONS)

The [Office for National Statistics](#) produces comprehensive data and analysis on a range of topics that impact the economy and society.

For further information contact the report author:

Brendan Brockway
Economic Intelligence Officer
0116 454 2913
brendan.brockway@llep.org.uk

Whilst every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the information contained within this report, Leicester and Leicestershire Enterprise Partnership cannot be held responsible for any errors or omission relating to the data contained within the report.