

LLEP Business and Economic Intelligence Update

Issue 42 – 31 March 2023

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1. Economic Roundup

A summary of some key announcements since the last update together with a round-up of recently published research and insights from a range of organisations.

Announcements/ Press Releases/ News Stories

[Government-backed Taskforce is tackling the entrepreneur gap, as stats reveal the Northeast has the least female-founded high-growth businesses](#) - The government founded High Growth Enterprise Taskforce is tackling the high-growth business entrepreneur gap, as they today reveal stats highlighting gender and regional disparities across the UK - 10/03/2023.

[Plan to forge a better Britain through science and technology unveiled](#) - The Prime Minister and Technology Secretary today launched the government's plan to cement the UK's place as a science and technology superpower by 2030 – 06/03/2023.

[Government action to supercharge competitiveness in Key British industries and grow economy](#) - 300 businesses across the UK will benefit from the British Industry Supercharger: targeted measures to ensure the energy costs for key UK industries are in line with other major economies around the world – 23/02/2023.

Research

[UK labour market: March 2023](#) - Estimates of employment, unemployment, inactivity, average weekly earnings, vacancies and other labour market related statistics for the UK – 14/03/2023.

[Employment in local authorities, England and Wales: Census 2021](#) - People living in the local authorities of England and Wales who are in and out of work covering employment, unemployment and economic inactivity, Census 2021 data – 13/03/2023.

[Business insights and impact on the UK economy](#) - The impact of challenges facing the economy and other events on UK businesses. Based on responses from the voluntary fortnightly business survey (BICS) to deliver real-time information to help assess issues impacting UK busi...- 09/09/2023.

[Local skills dashboard](#) - Dashboard showing statistics on local employment and skills in England to support local skills planning and delivery (including local skills improvement plans) – 08/03/2023.

[Research and innovation \(R&I\) workforce survey report, 2022](#) - Report detailing the results and findings from the 2022 survey of the UK research and innovation workforce – 02/03/2023.

2. Claimant Count

In February 2023 the claimant rate in the Leicester and Leicestershire area was 3.2%. This translates to 21,605 claimants. In January the figure was 3.1% (20,900). At a national level the claimant rate in England was 3.7%. This is 0.5 of a percentage point higher than the local figure.

The claimant rate had been slowly falling but from September to November 2022 the rate remained at 3%. The figures for December and January were 3.1% and the latest figure demonstrates another rise (3.2%).

The picture is very different in the city and county with Leicester having a claimant rate of 4.8% and Leicestershire 2.2%. This is a difference of 2.6 percentage points. Leicester's claimant rate is 1.1 percentage points higher than the England average (3.7%) and Leicestershire's 1.5 percentage points lower.

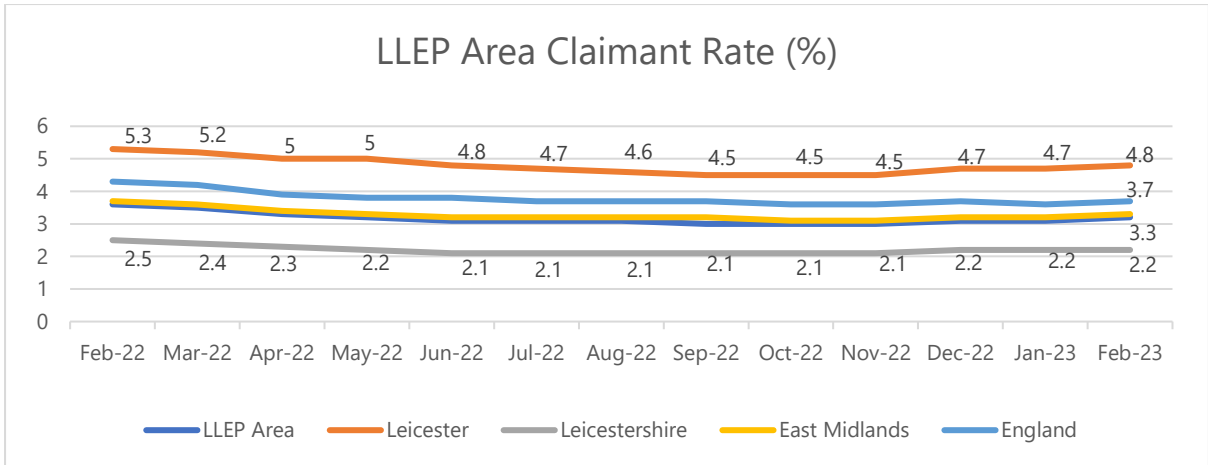


Figure 1: LLEP Area Claimant Rate (%) February 2022 – February 2023
Source: ONS

Figure 2 below provides an annual comparator for the Leicester and Leicestershire area and compares this with regional and national figures.

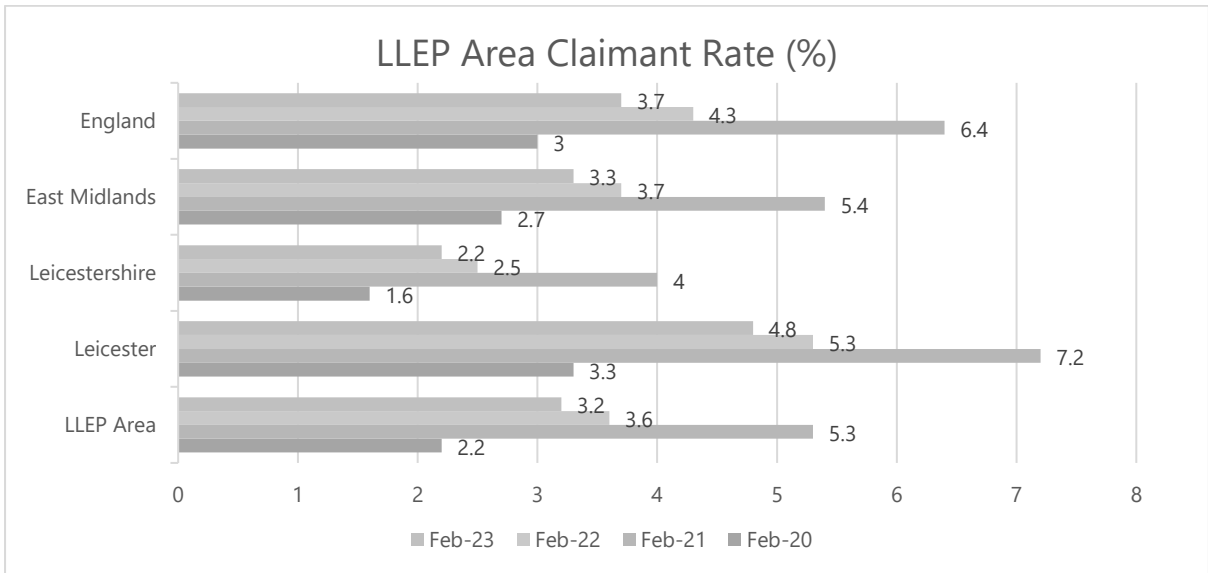


Figure 2: LLEP Area Claimant Rate (%) February 2020 - February 2023
Source: ONS

Of the 21,605 claimants over half (54.9% or 11,870) were based in Leicester and 9,735 or 45.1% in Leicestershire.

In March 2020 the claimant rate was 2.3% (or 15,145). Between March 2020 and the end of February 2023 the claimant rate increased by 0.9 of a percentage point to 3.2% (21,605). This translates to an additional 6,460 claimants or a percentage increase of 42.7%.

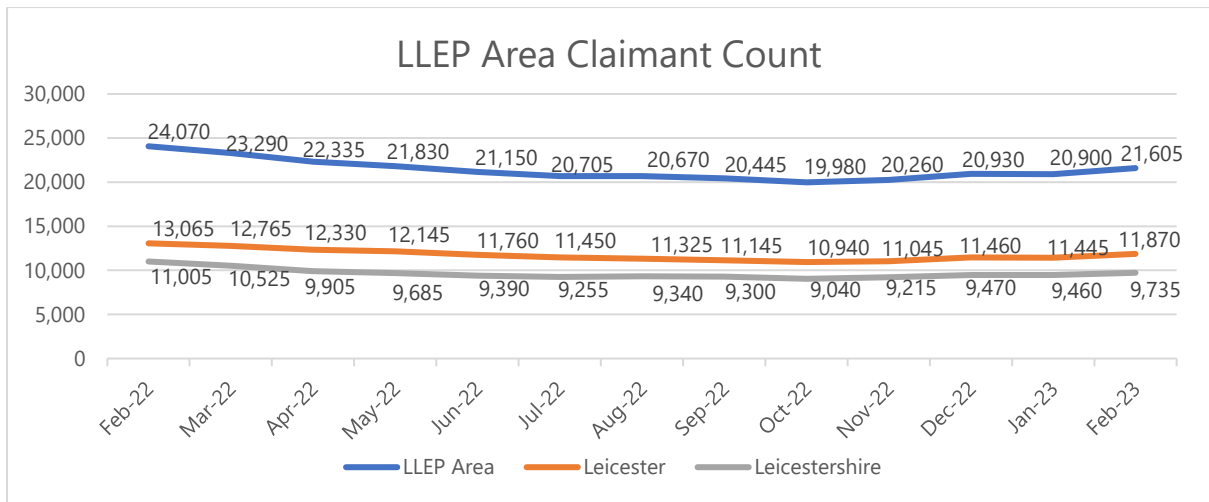


Figure 3: LLEP Area Claimant Count February 2022 – February 2023
Source: ONS

In the Leicester and Leicestershire area over the period March to August 2020 the number of claimants grew from 15,145 to 36,025 (it's peak locally). This was a rise of 20,880 claimants or 138%. When comparing the figures for August 2020 and February 2023 against those for March 2020 the difference has fallen from 20,880 to 6,460. Since February 2022 the number of claimants has fallen by 2,465 (from 24,070).

Figure 11 later in the report, demonstrates the claimant rate over the period January 2020 to February 2023 and the number of unique job postings (for the same period).

Figures 4 and 5 below project claimant numbers forward to the end of February 2024. Projections are based on the last 3, 5 and 8 months and an average of these. This helps to identify the direction of travel in relation to claimant numbers. The average figure for February 2024 is 24,698 or 3.6%. This is above the pre-pandemic level of 2.3%. Figures continue to demonstrate an upward trend in claimant numbers.

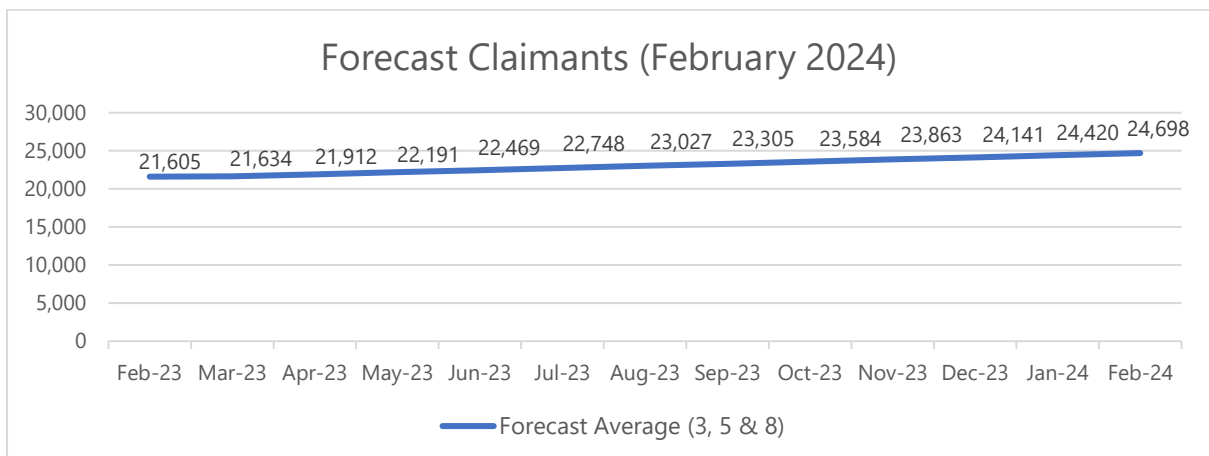


Figure 4: LLEP Area Claimant Forecast Average to February 2024
Source Data: ONS

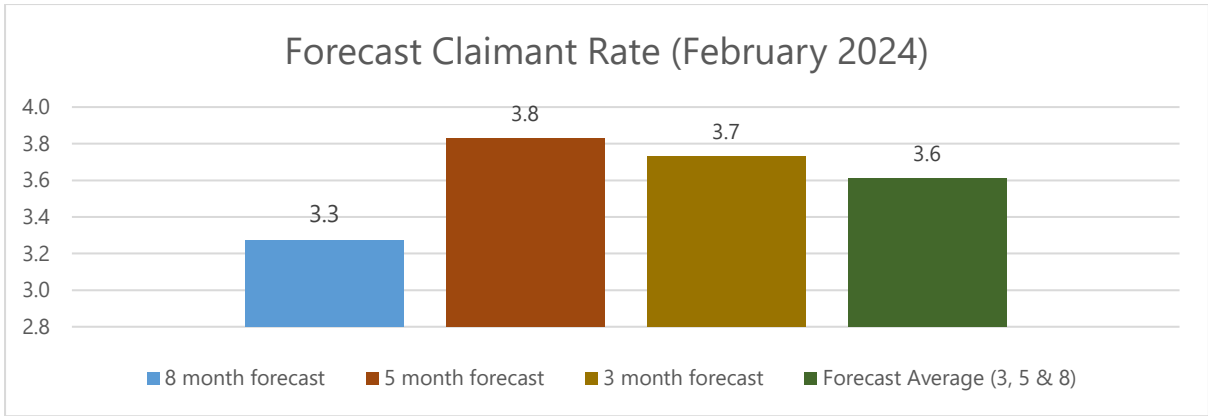


Figure 5: LLEP Area Claimant Rate Forecast, 3, 5, 8 and Forecast Average, February 2024

Source Data: ONS

Note: Forecasts are linear, claimant numbers however are governed by a variety of events both foreseen and unforeseen, as such forecast data should be treated with caution.

In relation to age figures for February 2023, these demonstrate that there were on average a larger share of 25-49 years olds (3.6%) who were claimants than 18-24 years olds (3.5%) and claimants that were 50 and over (2.5%). National claimant rates were higher than local figures for 18-24 years olds (4.8%), 25-49 years olds (4.2%) and those who are 50 and over (2.8%).

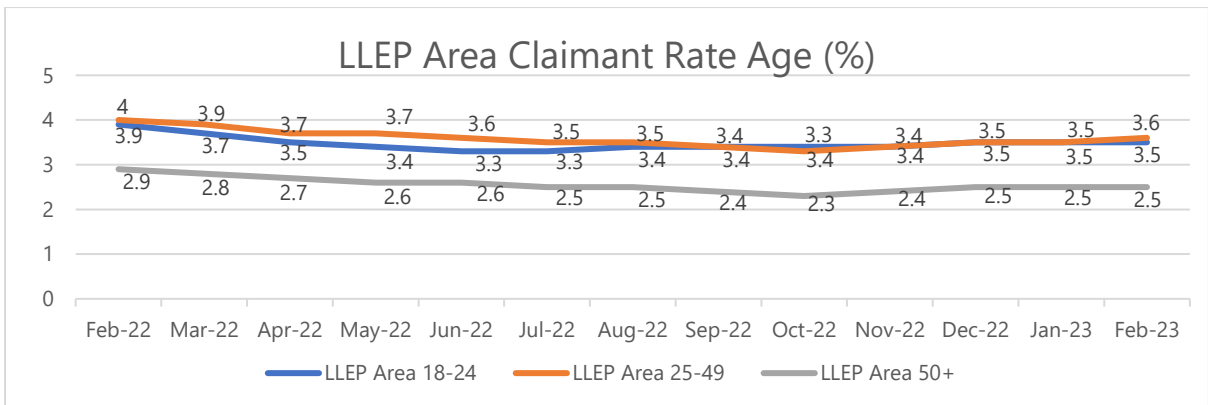


Figure 6: LLEP Area Claimant Rate by Age (%) February 2022 – February 2023

Source: ONS

Figure 7 below demonstrates the claimant rate for 18-24 years olds for the Leicester and Leicestershire area and its component parts.

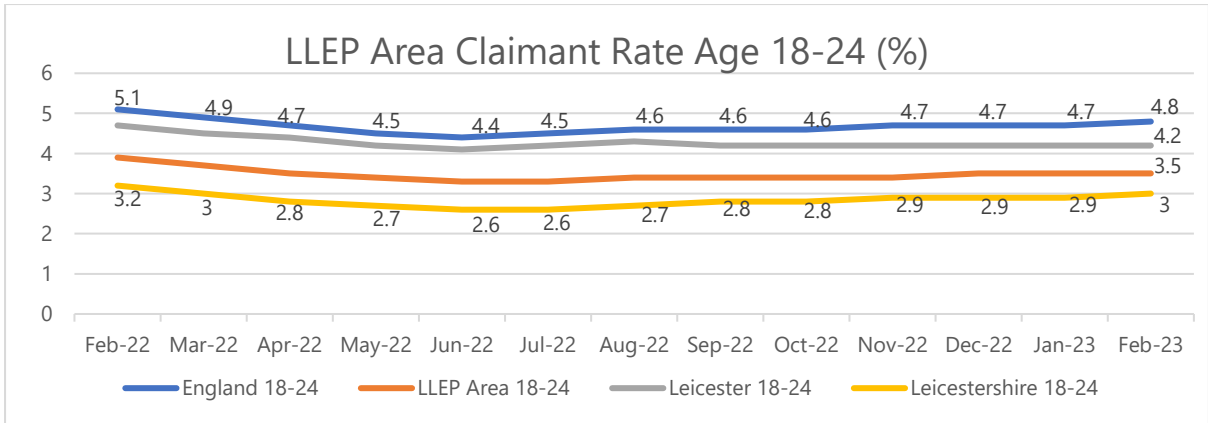


Figure 7: LLEP Area Claimant Rate by Claimants Aged 18-24 (%) February 2022 – February 2023
Source: ONS

Twelve thousand one hundred and ninety-five (56.4%) claimants were male and 9,410 (43.6%) were female.

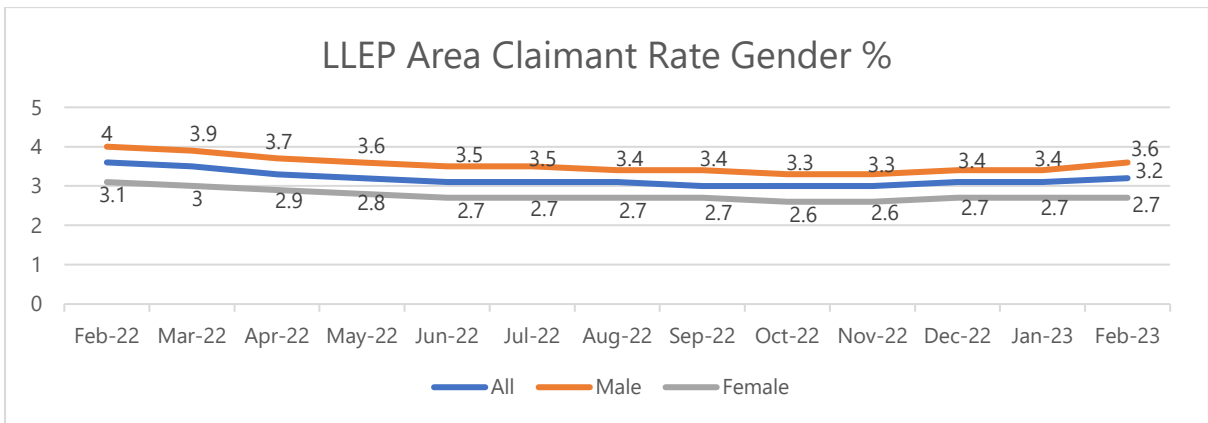


Figure 8: LLEP Area Claimant Rate by Gender (%) February 2022 – February 2023
Source: ONS

The figure below demonstrates the number of claimants in the Leicester and Leicestershire area over the period February 2015 to February 2023.

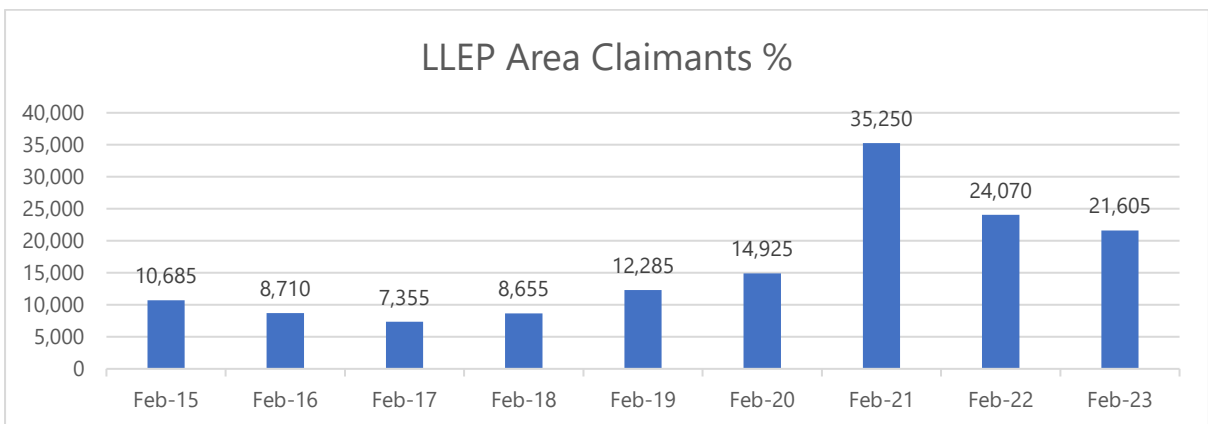


Figure 9: LLEP Area Claimant Count February 2015 – February 2023
Source: ONS

Note: Figures will be revised by the Office for National Statistics.

3. Universal Credit Claimants

Universal Credit claimants are placed in a conditionality group based on their circumstances and work capability. This determines what is expected of them during their claim.

Over the last month (January to February) the numbers searching, planning, or preparing for work has grown from 26,021 to 26,728. The numbers who are working has grown from 35,404 to 35,857.

From February 2022 those searching, planning, or preparing for work has fallen by 1,904 (from 28,632). Over the same period those with no work requirements grew by 6,752 (20,924 to 27,676).

Since March 2020 there has been a steady but significant rise in the number of people who are not seeking work/ have no work requirements with numbers more than doubling during the period. In March 2020, the figure was 10,997 and in February 2023 it was 27,676 (a rise of 16,679). Over the last year those not seeking work/ have no work requirements has grown by 5.6 percentage points.

This is the fifth consecutive month that the number of those searching, planning or preparing for work is lower than the numbers with no work requirements.

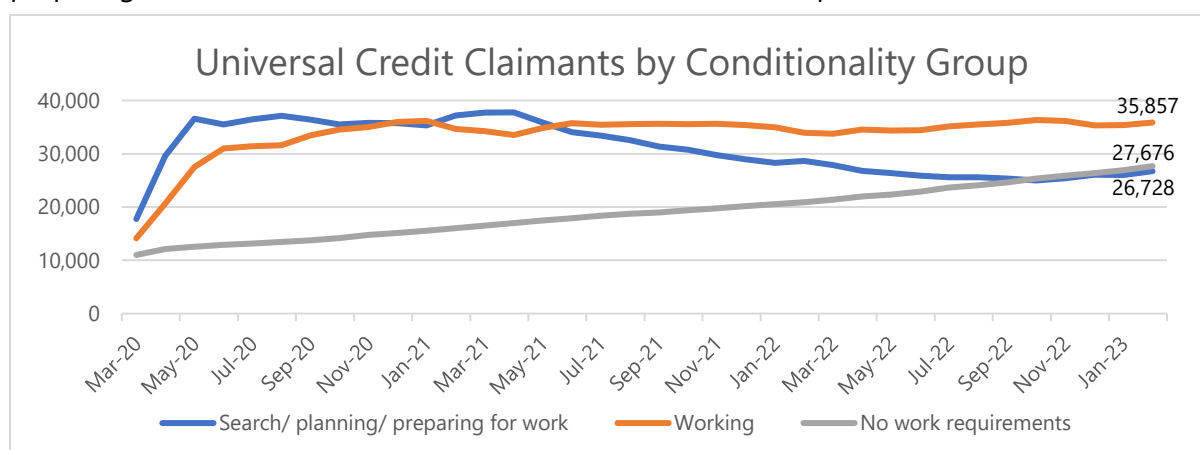


Figure 10: LLEP Area Universal Credit Claimant Count by Conditionality Group March 2020 – February 2023
Source: DWP via Stat-Xplore

For more data on Job Seekers Allowance and the Universal Credit claimant count by district, visit the [Unemployment Dashboard](#) on the LSR Portal.

4. Relationships

The figure below demonstrates the relationship between the claimant count and unique job postings. Data is for the period January 2020 onwards in the Leicester and Leicestershire area.

In February there was a fall in the number of unique job postings (35,853 to 32,448). The claimant rate over the same period in the Leicester and Leicestershire area has climbed to 3.2%. The number of claimants grew from 20,900 to 21,605.

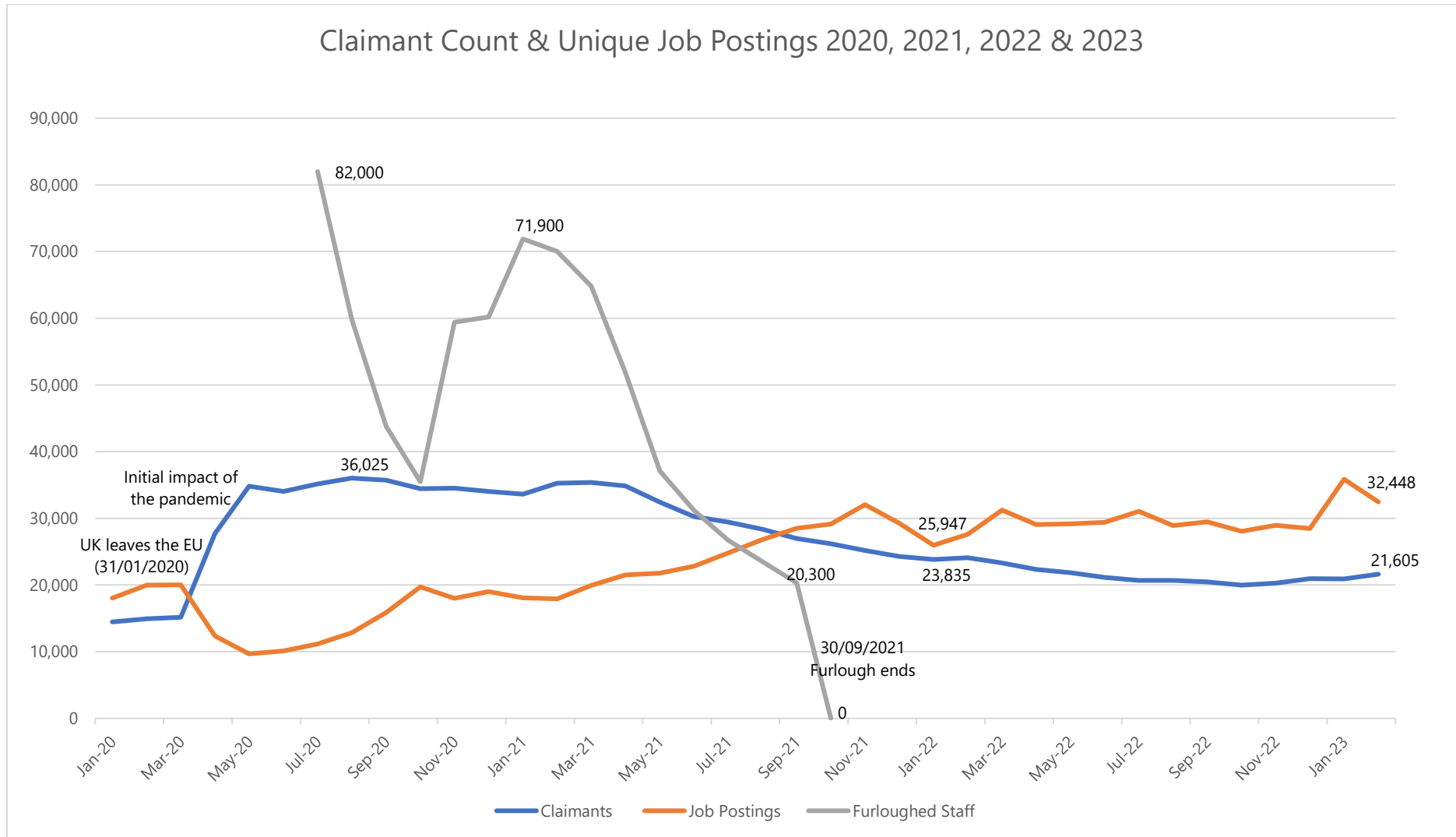


Figure 11: Monthly Claimant Count, Unique Job Postings and Total Number of Eligible Staff Furloughed January 2020 Onwards
 Source: ONS Claimant Count, Lightcast Unique Job Postings and HMRC Job Retention Scheme

Note: It must be noted that figures are subject to change and there are likely to be adjustments to those areas identified.

5. Job Postings

Unique job posting data is drawn from a range of sources and provides timely data on how the trend in the number of live job adverts is changing in the Leicester and Leicestershire area by occupation.

However, the number of job adverts being posted is not a direct measure of labour force demand. Job adverts may not be removed from online job vacancy boards immediately once a position is filled, so the data may not fully reflect companies who have halted active recruitment.

The data is compiled from multiple job vacancy boards and adverts may still be considered “live” if the posting is still on any board, even when it has already been removed from an alternative source (Lightcast remove job postings from their Analyst platform after 61 days).

The scope of online job adverts does not fully capture the region’s economic activity because of differing advertising methods, for example, casual work may be advertised by word-of-mouth.

Table 1 demonstrates unique job postings by occupation for February 2023. These are compared with March 2020, February 2022 and January 2023. Standard Occupation Codes are at a two-digit level.

The number of unique job postings for February 2023 is higher than February 2022 by 4,837 (27,611 compared to 32,448). This is a rise of 17.5%.

Over the last month the number of job postings fell from 35,853 to 32,448. This is a fall of 3,405 or 9.5%.

In terms of numbers, over the last year there has been growth in job postings in all the occupation areas.

In the last month there has been negative growth in job postings in all but 3 of the occupation areas.

As a means of further understanding how the local jobs market is changing, Table 2 demonstrates the year-to-date unique job postings figures for 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023 and compares these.

Across the job market the number of unique job postings (YTD) has increased from 23,585 in 2019 to 48,471 in 2023. This is growth of 24,886 or 105.5%. All occupations areas have seen growth except transport and mobile machine drivers and operators.

2 Digit SOC	Occupation	Mar 2020 Unique Postings	February 2022 Unique Postings	January 2023 Unique Postings	February 2023 Unique Postings	Annual Growth	Annual Growth %	Monthly Growth	Monthly Growth % 2022	Dif Mar 2020 Feb 2023	% Dif Mar 2020 Feb 2023
11	Corporate Managers and Directors	1,235	1,573	1,863	1,781	208	13.2	(82)	-4.4	546	44.2
12	Other Managers and Proprietors	441	563	729	625	62	11.0	(104)	-14.3	184	41.7
21	Science, Research, Engineering and Technology Professionals	2,085	2,517	2,972	2,923	406	16.1	(49)	-1.6	838	40.2
22	Health Professionals	949	1,361	1,760	1,475	114	8.4	(285)	-16.2	526	55.4
23	Teaching and Educational Professionals	1,216	1,250	1,734	1,540	290	23.2	(194)	-11.2	324	26.6
24	Business, Media and Public Service Professionals	1,436	1,688	2,357	2,271	583	34.5	(86)	-3.6	835	58.1
31	Science, Engineering and Technology Associate Professionals	1,194	1,781	1,967	1,795	14	0.8	(172)	-8.7	601	50.3
32	Health and Social Care Associate Professionals	236	435	665	608	173	39.8	(57)	-8.6	372	157.6
33	Protective Service Occupations	55	146	184	162	16	11.0	(22)	-12.0	107	194.5
34	Culture, Media and Sports Occupations	296	343	484	437	94	27.4	(47)	-9.7	141	47.6
35	Business and Public Service Associate Professionals	1,663	2,182	2,792	2,681	499	22.9	(111)	-4.0	1,018	61.2
41	Administrative Occupations	1,636	2,208	3,064	2,784	576	26.1	(280)	-9.1	1,148	70.2
42	Secretarial and Related Occupations	321	429	607	617	188	43.8	10	1.6	296	92.2
51	Skilled Agricultural and Related Trades	22	46	49	51	5	10.9	2	4.1	29	131.8
52	Skilled Metal, Electrical and Electronic Trades	773	1,241	1,548	1,391	150	12.1	(157)	-10.1	618	79.9
53	Skilled Construction and Building Trades	254	343	475	475	132	38.5	0	0.0	221	87.0
54	Textiles, Printing and Other Skilled Trades	368	503	699	641	138	27.4	(58)	-8.3	273	74.2
61	Caring Personal Service Occupations	1,282	2,047	2,962	2,601	554	27.1	(361)	-12.2	1,319	102.9
62	Leisure, Travel and Related Personal Service Occupations	160	257	363	328	71	27.6	(35)	-9.6	168	105.0
71	Sales Occupations	1,212	1,467	1,794	1,698	231	15.7	(96)	-5.4	486	40.1
72	Customer Service Occupations	564	984	1,162	1,026	42	4.3	(136)	-11.7	462	81.9
81	Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	310	582	695	622	40	6.9	(73)	-10.5	312	100.6
82	Transport and Mobile Machine Drivers and Operatives	1,085	995	1,285	1,010	15	1.5	(275)	-21.4	(75)	(6.9)
91	Elementary Trades and Related Occupations	164	385	496	402	17	4.4	(94)	-19.0	238	145.1
92	Elementary Administration and Service Occupations	922	2,192	3,037	2,368	176	8.0	(669)	-22.0	1,446	156.8
Total		20,015	27,611	35,853	32,448	4,837	17.5	(3,405)	-9.5	12,433	62.1

Table 1: LLEP area Job Postings by Standard Occupation Codes

Source: Lightcast

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Unique Postings YTD 2019	Unique Postings YTD 2020	Unique Postings YTD 2021	Unique Postings YTD 2022	Unique Postings YTD 2023	Growth 2019 - 2023	Growth %	Growth % Share
Corporate Managers and Directors	5.3	6.4	6.0	5.7	5.4	1,260	1,733	1,445	2,132	2,608	1,348	107.0	5.4
Other Managers and Proprietors	2.4	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0	558	584	516	778	974	416	74.6	1.7
Science, Research, Engineering and Technology Professionals	8.5	10.6	9.8	9.2	8.6	1,999	2,879	2,373	3,423	4,152	2,153	107.7	8.7
Health Professionals	4.6	4.2	5.7	4.9	4.7	1,089	1,129	1,387	1,842	2,261	1,172	107.6	4.7
Teaching and Educational Professionals	4.6	5.2	4.2	4.8	4.9	1,088	1,405	1,030	1,799	2,366	1,278	117.5	5.1
Business, Media and Public Service Professionals	5.6	7.1	7.2	6.0	6.7	1,314	1,940	1,759	2,227	3,242	1,928	146.7	7.7
Science, Engineering and Technology Associate Professionals	5.3	6.2	5.8	6.3	5.4	1,261	1,679	1,400	2,353	2,640	1,379	109.4	5.5
Health and Social Care Associate Professionals	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.9	314	345	365	575	919	605	192.7	2.4
Protective Service Occupations	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.5	50	83	89	205	241	191	382.0	0.8
Culture, Media and Sports Occupations	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.1	1.3	375	402	320	424	653	278	74.1	1.1
Business and Public Service Associate Professionals	7.4	9.0	7.3	7.8	8.0	1,755	2,439	1,763	2,907	3,872	2,117	120.6	8.5
Administrative Occupations	8.1	8.2	8.1	8.1	8.6	1,911	2,233	1,961	3,010	4,188	2,277	119.2	9.1
Secretarial and Related Occupations	1.6	1.7	1.2	1.6	1.9	372	460	295	587	905	533	143.3	2.1
Skilled Agricultural and Related Trades	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	28	33	38	56	68	40	142.9	0.2
Skilled Metal, Electrical and Electronic Trades	4.2	4.5	4.1	4.2	4.2	993	1,223	1,003	1,577	2,038	1,045	105.2	4.2
Skilled Construction and Building Trades	1.1	1.2	1.6	1.2	1.4	255	329	378	438	670	415	162.7	1.7
Textiles, Printing and Other Skilled Trades	2.0	1.9	1.0	1.7	1.9	460	517	243	635	938	478	103.9	1.9
Caring Personal Service Occupations	5.4	5.9	7.7	7.6	8.0	1,285	1,614	1,878	2,847	3,892	2,607	202.9	10.5
Leisure, Travel and Related Personal Service Occupations	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	225	213	185	342	501	276	122.7	1.1
Sales Occupations	6.1	6.0	5.1	5.3	5.1	1,432	1,634	1,227	1,964	2,486	1,054	73.6	4.2
Customer Service Occupations	3.6	3.0	3.1	3.4	3.2	843	813	742	1,283	1,566	723	85.8	2.9
Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	2.0	1.6	2.0	2.0	1.9	460	435	495	762	922	462	100.4	1.9
Transport and Mobile Machine Drivers and Operatives	8.5	5.1	6.1	3.8	3.4	2,008	1,384	1,481	1,414	1,641	(367)	-18.3	-1.5
Elementary Trades and Related Occupations	1.7	0.8	1.3	1.3	1.3	409	222	318	486	639	230	56.2	0.9
Elementary Administration and Service Occupations	7.1	4.6	6.0	8.2	8.1	1,673	1,261	1,445	3,050	3,902	2,229	133.2	9.0
Total	100	100	100	100	100	23,585	27,170	24,274	37,255	48,471	24,886	105.5	100.0

Table 2: LLEP area Job Postings Comparator by Standard Occupation Codes

Source: Lightcast

Table 3 demonstrates job posting numbers by district area for February 2022 onwards.

Area	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23
Blaby	429	497	518	605	632	747	643	613	579	633	603	719	587
Charnwood	3,698	4,440	4,106	4,077	4,016	4,189	4,011	4,202	3,964	3,895	3,617	4,467	4,018
Harborough	2,035	2,344	2,049	1,993	2,138	2,309	2,235	2,261	2,224	2,242	2,075	2,403	2,145
Hinckley & Bosworth	1,806	2,091	1,911	1,827	1,867	1,977	1,743	1,711	1,578	1,591	1,538	1,924	1,777
Leicester	15,909	17,099	16,129	16,259	16,274	16,912	15,677	15,999	15,387	16,280	16,451	21,207	19,173
Leicestershire	11,702	14,118	12,922	12,913	13,117	14,134	13,239	13,463	12,667	12,679	11,994	14,646	13,275
Melton	907	1,125	990	985	918	1,013	930	1,015	937	962	938	1,212	1,182
NW Leics	2,391	3,110	2,858	2,948	3,085	3,453	3,251	3,251	3,000	2,929	2,843	3,475	3,158
Oadby & Wigston	436	511	490	478	461	446	426	410	385	427	380	446	408
Total	27,611	31,217	29,051	29,172	29,391	31,046	28,916	29,462	28,054	28,959	28,445	35,853	32,448

Table 3: Unique Job Postings by Local & District Authority
Source: Lightcast

Figure 12 provides an understanding of monthly job postings for the Leicester and Leicestershire area for the period March 2020 onwards.

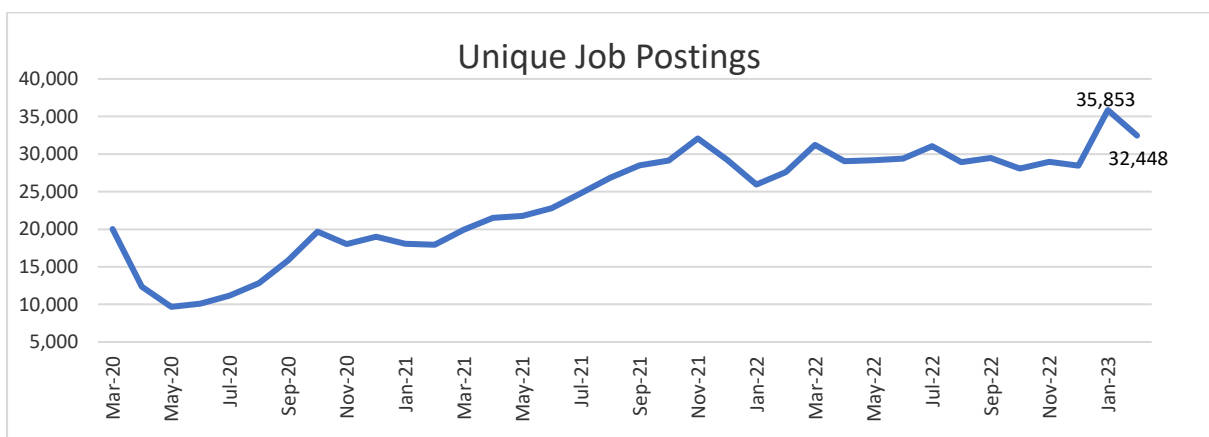


Figure 12: LLEP Area Unique Job Postings March 2020 to February 2023
Source: Lightcast

Figure 13 shows job posting data for Leicester and Leicestershire.

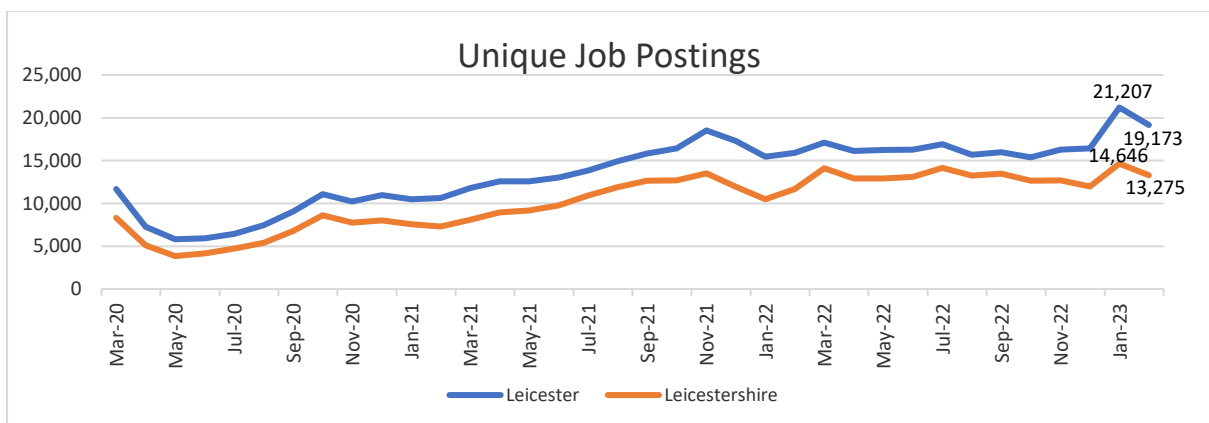


Figure 13: Leicester and Leicestershire Unique Job Postings March 2020 to February 2023
Source: Lightcast

6. Business Closures and Incorporations

In February 2023 the number of businesses that ceased trading was 807. The figure for February 2019 was 1,351, 2020 554, 2021 102 and 2022 985.

In January 2022 there were 1,365 businesses that ceased trading. This is a monthly fall of 558 business failures.

Figure 14 below compares the monthly numbers of dissolved or liquidated businesses for the years 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023.

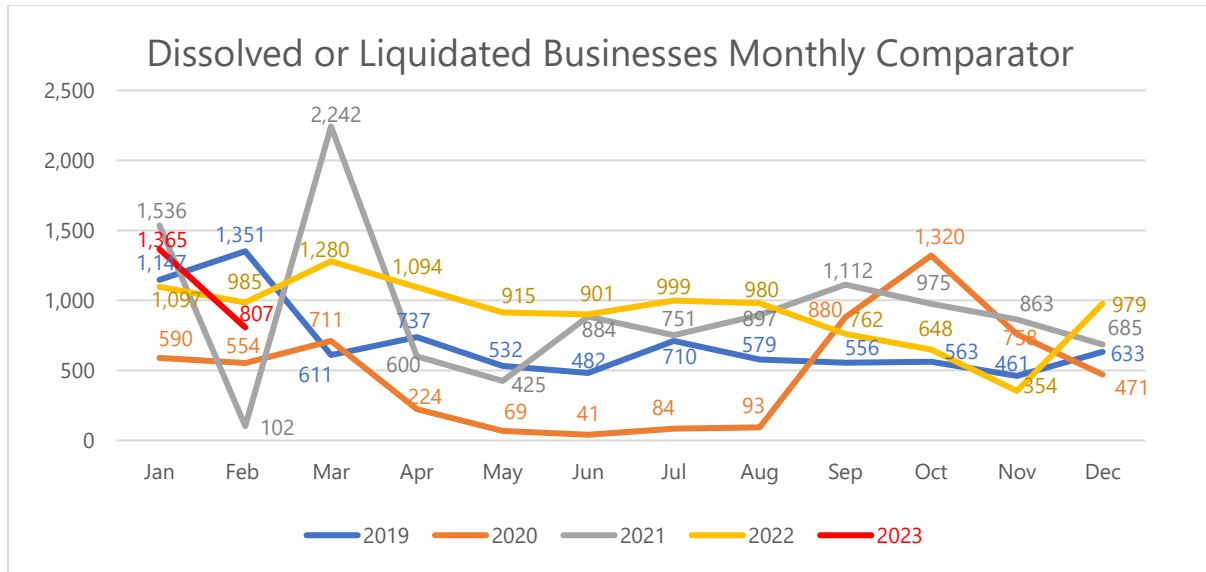


Figure 14: LLEP Area Dissolved or Liquidated Businesses Monthly Comparator

Source: BVD Fame

Figure 15 demonstrates the cumulative growth in business failures for the years 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023.

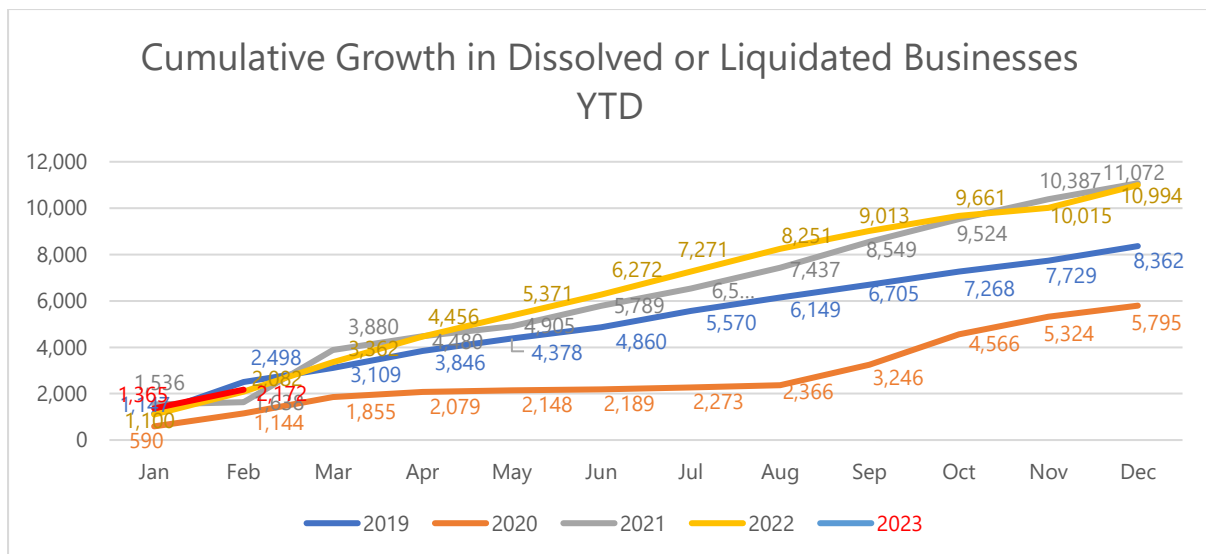


Figure 15: LLEP Area Cumulative Growth in Dissolved or Liquidated Businesses 2019, 20, 21, 22 and 23.

Source: BVD Fame

Figure 16 demonstrates the cumulative growth in business incorporations for the years 2019, 20, 21, 22 and 23.

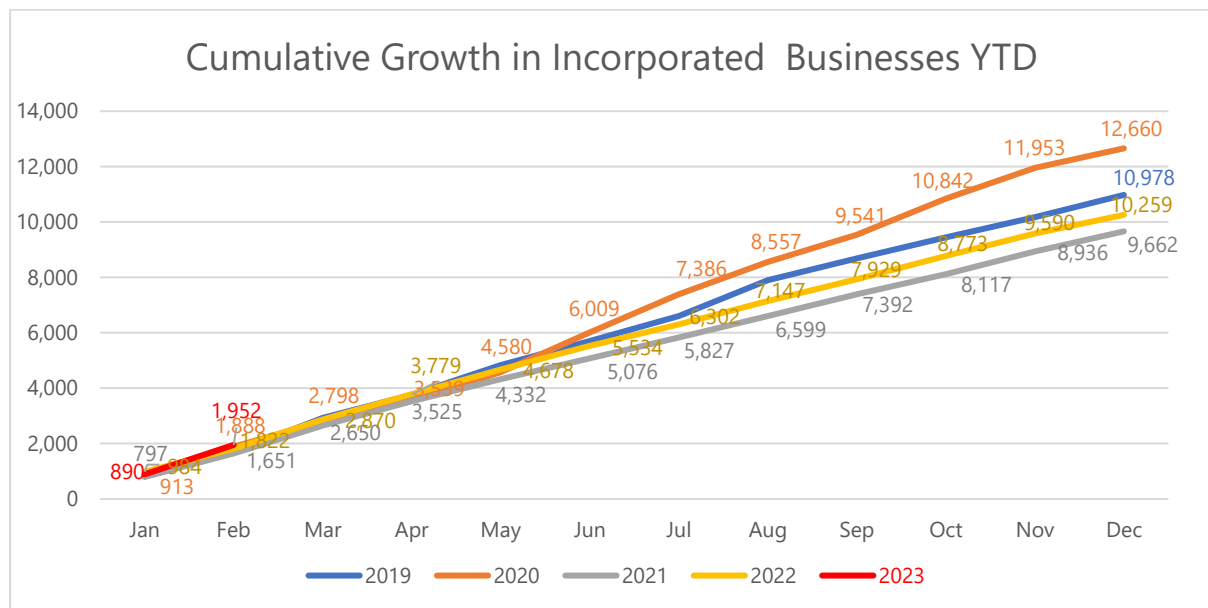


Figure 16: LLEP Area Cumulative Growth in Incorporated Businesses 2019, 20, 21, 22 and 23. Source: BVD Fame

In 2023 (to the end of February) there were 1,952 business incorporations. For the same period in 2019 the figure was 1,693, in 2020 1,888, 2021 1,651 and 2022 1,822.

In February 2023 the number of businesses that were incorporated was 1,062. The figure for February 2019 was 883, 2020 975, 2021 854 and 2022 838.

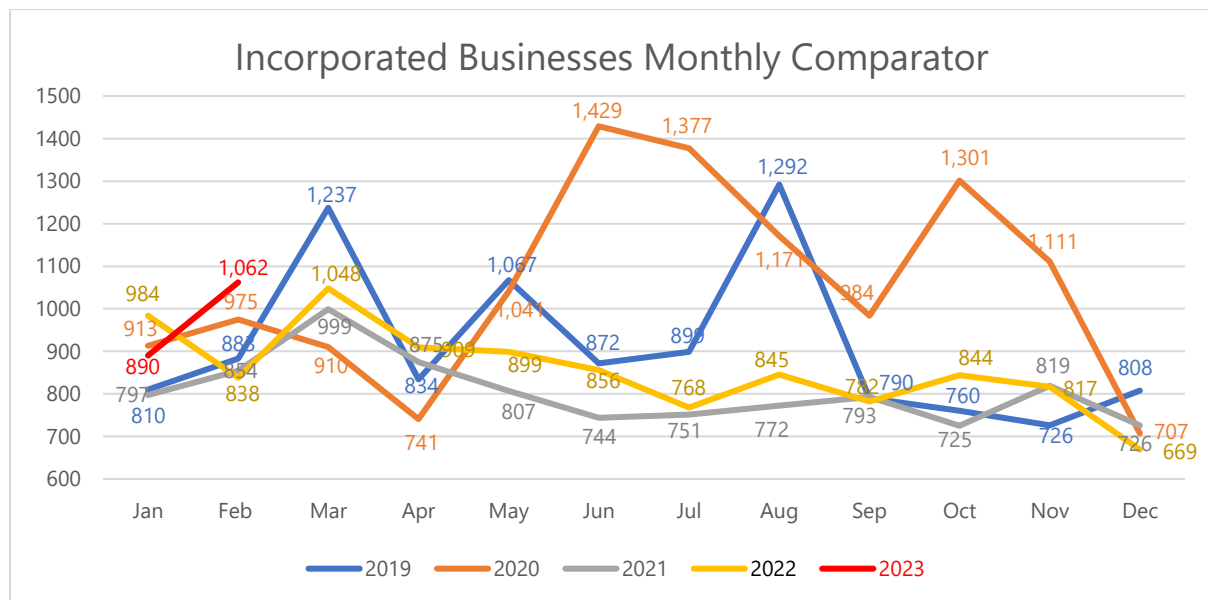


Figure 17: LLEP Area Incorporated Businesses Monthly Comparator Source: BVD Fame

Figure 18 compares the monthly numbers of dissolved and incorporated businesses for the period January 2022 onwards.

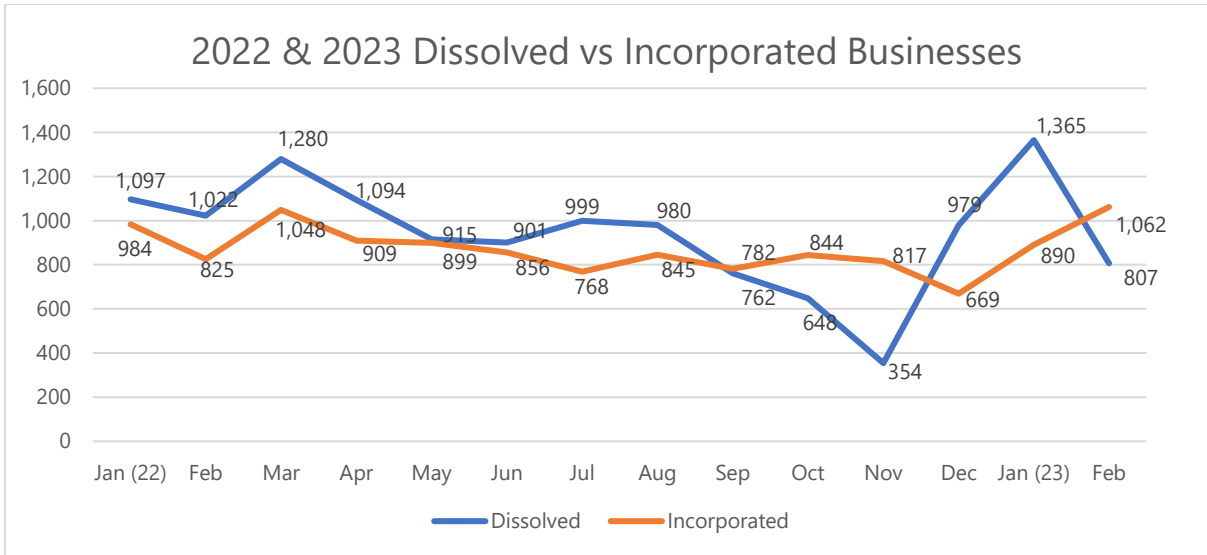


Figure 18: LLEP Area Dissolved and Incorporated Businesses Monthly Comparator
 Source: BVD Fame

When comparing closures with incorporations in 2023 (YTD) there were 2,172 closures and 1,952 incorporations. This is a difference of 220.

Table 4 demonstrates those sectors where there have been 10 or more business failures and 10 or more incorporations for the year to date (2023). Table 4 also helps provide an understanding of the impact of the cost-of-living crisis on business and how different sectors are reacting. It shows how different parts of the local business community are expanding and contracting.

Activity (prim. UK SIC 2007)	Dissolved	%	Incorporated	%
Retail trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	266	12.3	235	12.0
Computer programming, consultancy and related activities	221	10.2	63	3.2
Activities of head offices; management consultancy activities	152	7.0	64	3.3
Office administrative, office support and other business support activities	122	5.6	31	1.6
Food and beverage service activities	117	5.4	143	7.3
Real estate activities	109	5.0	147	7.5
Wholesale trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	89	4.1	291	14.9
Specialised construction activities	89	4.1	91	4.7
Other personal service activities	80	3.7	67	3.4
Construction of buildings	68	3.1	70	3.6
Other professional, scientific and technical activities	63	2.9	35	1.8
Land transport and transport via pipelines	62	2.9	53	2.7
Human health activities	56	2.6	96	4.9
Financial service activities, except insurance and pension funding	46	2.1	57	2.9
Education	38	1.8	25	1.3
Wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	37	1.7	45	2.3
Architectural and engineering activities; technical testing and analysis	29	1.3	25	1.3
Legal and accounting activities	27	1.2	15	0.8
Sports activities and amusement and recreation activities	25	1.2	10	0.5
Information service activities	25	1.2	7	0.4
Warehousing and support activities for transportation	24	1.1	20	1.0
Manufacture of wearing apparel	24	1.1	9	0.5
Employment activities	21	1.0	27	1.4
Services to buildings and landscape activities	19	0.9	46	2.4
Advertising and market research	17	0.8	17	0.9
Motion picture, video and television programme production, sound recording and music publishing activities	17	0.8	6	0.3
Activities auxiliary to financial services and insurance activities	16	0.7	3	0.2
Residential care activities	14	0.6	32	1.6
Creative, arts and entertainment activities	14	0.6	11	0.6
Security and investigation activities	14	0.6	7	0.4
Postal and courier activities	13	0.6	12	0.6
Manufacture of food products	13	0.6	7	0.4
Other manufacturing	12	0.6	5	0.3
Accommodation	11	0.5	15	0.8
Civil engineering	11	0.5	6	0.3
Travel agency, tour operator and other reservation service and related activities	5	0.2	11	0.2
Rental and leasing activities	4	0.2	10	0.3
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	3	0.1	10	0.4
All	2,172	100.0	1,952	100.0

Table 4 LLEP Area Dissolved or Liquidated and Incorporated Businesses by Sector Year to Date 2023
Source: BVD Fame

Note: Latest figures were gained on the 16/03/2023 and they may be subject to some adjustment. Figures may also reflect delays in notifications and processing of data returns to Companies House.

7. Useful Links

GOV.UK

[GOV.UK](#) is a United Kingdom public sector information website, created by the Government Digital Service to provide a single point of access to HM Government services and data/information.

Leicester and Leicestershire Local Enterprise Partnership

The Local Enterprise Partnership works in partnership across the midlands. Information relating to its work can be accessed by going to the [Leicestershire Local Enterprise Partnership website](#).

LSR Online

Leicestershire County Council works in partnership with the LLEP to provide a single online portal for local economic data across Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland. The [LSR Portal](#) holds data across a wide range of economic indicators (in addition to other measures including health and wellbeing), the majority of which are available at district level.

Midlands Engine Economic Observatory

The [Midlands Engine Economic Observatory](#) is an analytical function of the Midlands Engine, providing comprehensive and contemporary data, analysis and intelligence on the whole Midlands economy.

NOMIS

[Nomis](#) is a service provided by the Office for National Statistics, ONS, to give free access to the most detailed and up-to-date UK labour market statistics from official sources.

Office for National Statistics (ONS)

The [Office for National Statistics](#) produces comprehensive data and analysis on a range of topics that impact the economy and society.

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Whilst every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the information contained within this report, Leicester and Leicestershire Enterprise Partnership cannot be held responsible for any errors or omission relating to the data contained within the report.