

LLEP Business and Economic Intelligence Update

Issue 32 – 31 May 2022

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1. Economic Roundup

A summary of some key announcements since the last update together with a round-up of recently published research and insights from a range of organisations.

Announcements/ Press Releases/ News Stories

[New Bill to level up the nation](#) - Government introduces plans to transform struggling towns and cities, supporting local leaders to take back control of regeneration – 11/05/2022.

[Introduction of T Levels](#) - Find out what T Levels courses include and how they work with other qualifications including grading and UCAS points – 21/04/2022.

Research

[Labour Market Profiles](#) – The latest edition of the Labour Market Profiles can be accessed via the Leicester and Leicestershire Local Enterprise Partnership website. Profiles are available at Local Enterprise Partnership, local and district authority geographies and contain a variety of data including claimant rates – 31/05/2022.

[UK innovation survey 2021: report](#) - This report presents the detailed findings of the 2021 UK innovation survey (UKIS 2021) covering the period 2018 to 2020 – 12/05/2022.

[Effects of the coronavirus \(COVID-19\) pandemic on “high-contact” industries](#) - Insights into the impacts of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic on industries dependent on in-person contact. Using business turnover estimates from HM Revenue and Customs Value Added Tax (VAT) data, our analysis finds wide... - 06/05/2022.

[Sub-regional fuel poverty 2022](#) - Experimental statistics on sub-regional fuel poverty – 28/04/2022.

[Disability pay-gaps in the UK: 2021](#) - Earnings statistics for disabled and non-disabled employees in the UK, using regression analysis to provide more insight into factors that affect pay – 25/04/2022.

[Business insights and impact on the UK economy](#) - The impact of challenges facing the economy and other events on UK businesses. Based on responses from the voluntary fortnightly business survey (BICS) to deliver real-time information to help assess issues impacting UK busi... - 21/04/2022.

2. Claimant Count

In April 2022 the claimant rate in the Leicester and Leicestershire area was 3.4%. This translates to 22,665 claimants. In March the figure was 3.5% (23,290). At a national level the claimant rate in England was 4%. This is 0.6 of a percentage point higher than the local figure.

The picture is very different in the city and county with Leicester having a claimant rate of 5.4% and Leicestershire 2.3%. This is a difference of 3.1 percentage points. Leicester's claimant rate is 1.4 percentage points higher than the England average (4%).

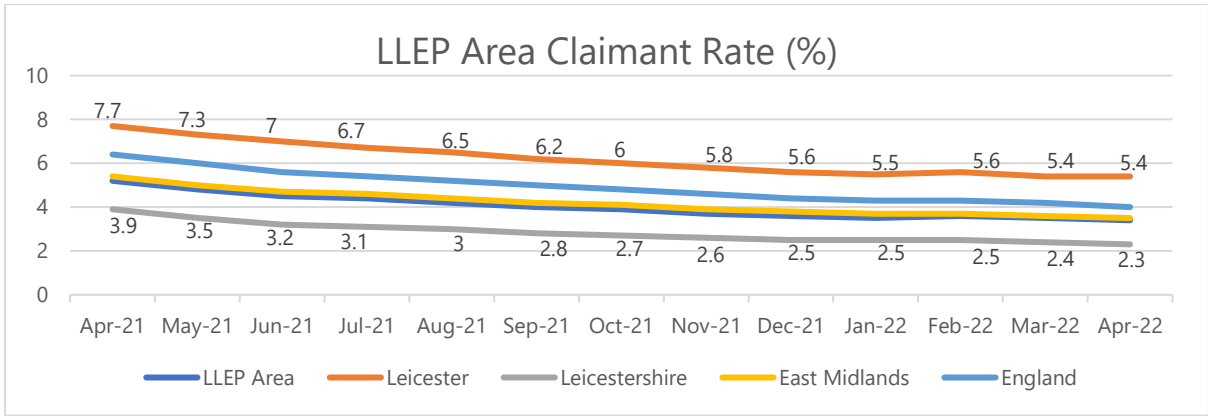


Figure 1: LLEP Area Claimant Rate (%) April 2021 – April 2022
Source: ONS

Figure 2 below provides a timeseries for the Leicester and Leicestershire area and compares this with regional and national figures.

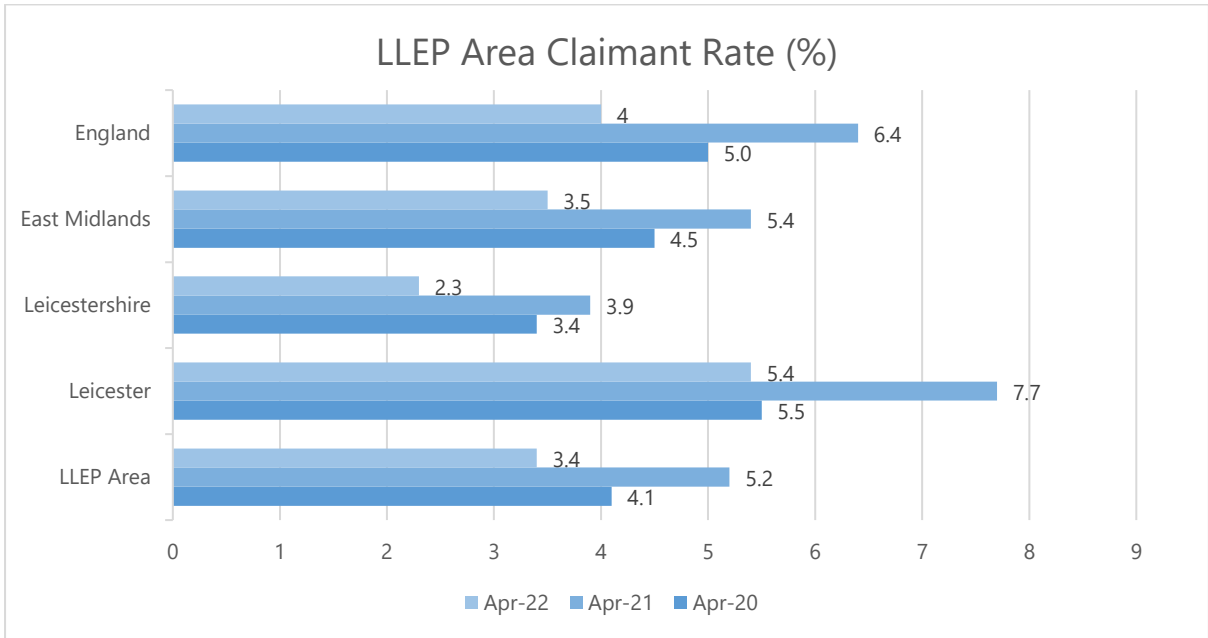


Figure 2: LLEP Area Claimant Rate (%) April 2020 – April 2022
Source: ONS

Of the 22,665 claimants over half (55.9% or 12,690) were based in Leicester (9,985 (44.1%) in Leicestershire).

In March 2020 the claimant rate was 2.3% (or 15,145). Between March 2020 and the end of April 2022 the claimant rate increased by 1.1 percentage points to 3.4% (22,665). This translates to an additional 7,520 claimants or a percentage increase of 49.7%.

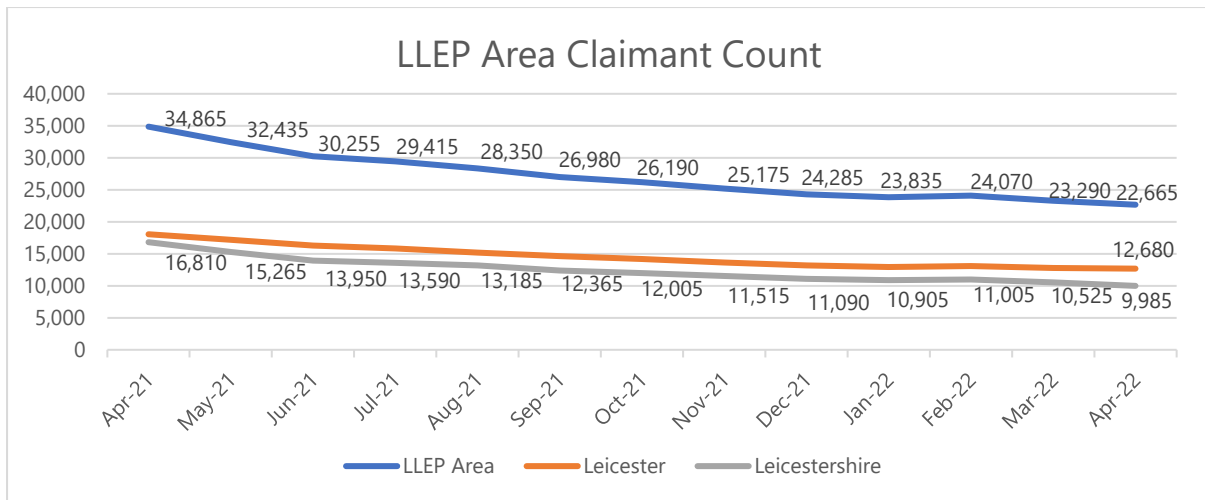


Figure 3: LLEP Area Claimant Count April 2021 – April 2022
Source: ONS

In the Leicester and Leicestershire area over the period March to August 2020 the number of claimants grew from 15,145 to 36,025 (it's peak locally). This was a rise of 20,880 claimants or 138%. When comparing the figures for August 2020 and April 2022 against those for March 2020 the difference has fallen from 20,880 to 7,520. Since April 2021 the number of claimants has fallen by 12,200.

Despite a small rise in the number of claimants in February the numbers of claimants since March 2021 continues to fall. Staffing and skills shortages remain as issues.

Figure 12 later in the report, demonstrates the claimant rate over the period January 2021 to April 2022, the number of unique job postings (for the same period).

Figures 4 and 5 below project claimant numbers forward to the end of April 2023.

Projections are based on the last 3, 5 and 8 months and an average of these. These help to identify the direction of travel in relation to claimant numbers. The average figure for April 2023 is 16,052 or 2.4%.

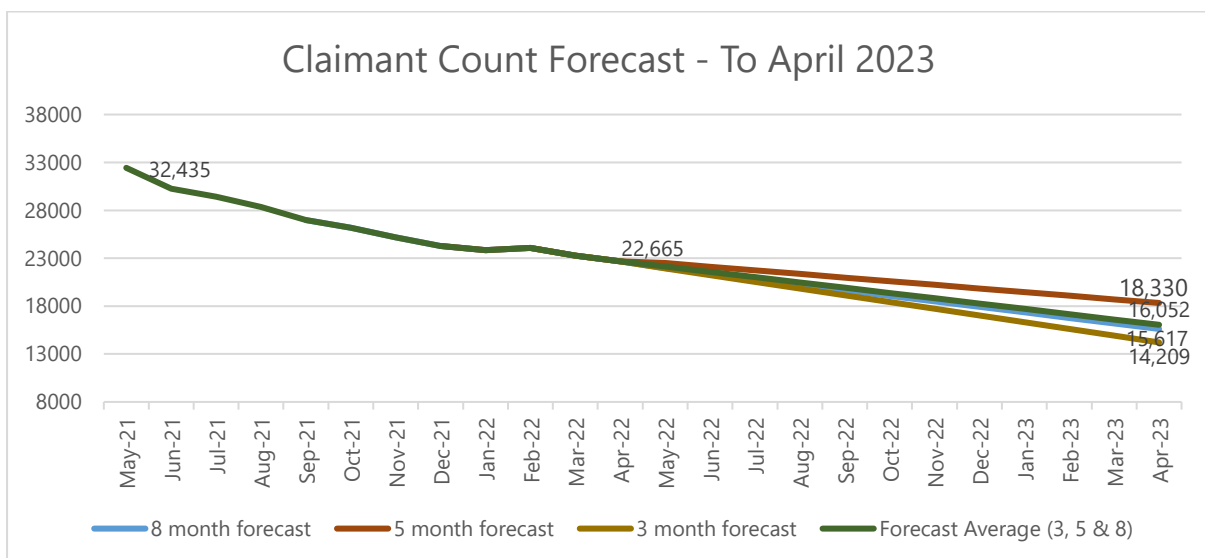


Figure 4: LLEP Area Claimant Forecast, 3, 5, 8 month and Forecast Average to April 2023.
Source Data: ONS

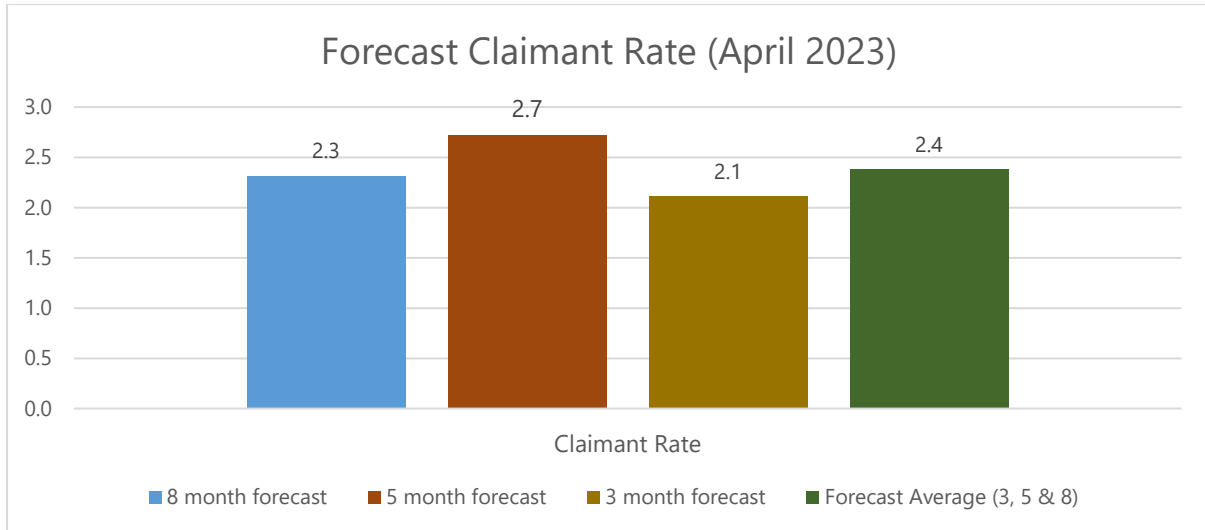


Figure 5: LLEP Area Claimant Rate Forecast, 3, 5, 8 and Forecast Average, April 2023.
Source Data: ONS

Note: It must be noted that these forecasts are linear, but the reality is that claimant numbers are governed by a variety of events both foreseen and unforeseen, as such forecast data should be treated with caution.

The pandemic has affected all age groups. Figures for March 2022 demonstrate that there were on average a larger share of 25-49 years olds (3.9%) who were claimants than 18-24 years olds (3.4%) and claimants that were 50 and over (2.8%). Nationally the claimant rates were higher for 18-24 years olds (4.7%), 25-49 years olds (4.6%) and those who are 50 and over (3.3%).

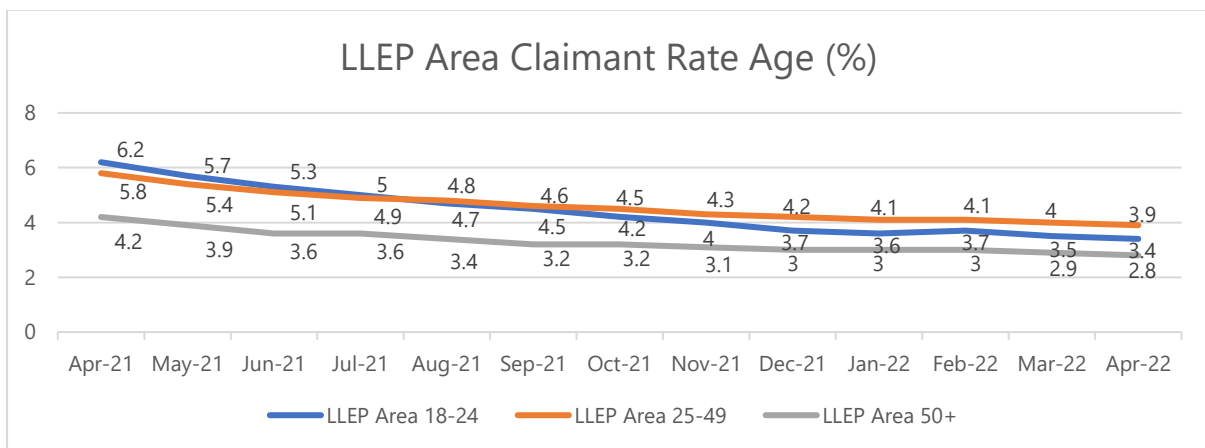


Figure 6: LLEP Area Claimant Rate by Age (%) April 2021– April 2022
Source: ONS

Figure 7 below demonstrates the claimant rate for 18-24 years olds for the Leicester and Leicestershire area and its component parts.

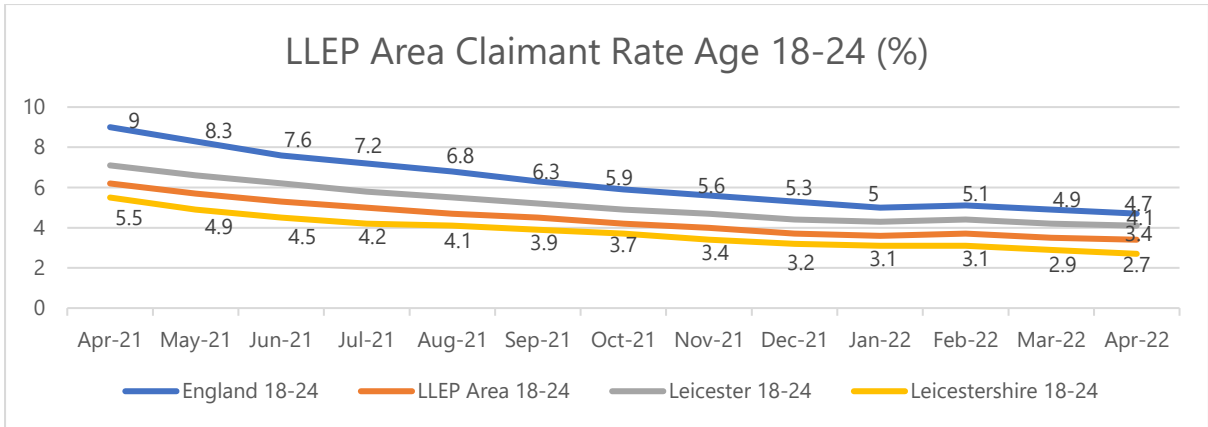


Figure 7: LLEP Area Claimant Rate by Claimants Aged 18-24 (%) April 2021 – April 2022
Source: ONS

Twelve thousand seven hundred and forty-five (56%) claimants were male and 9,920 (44%) were female.

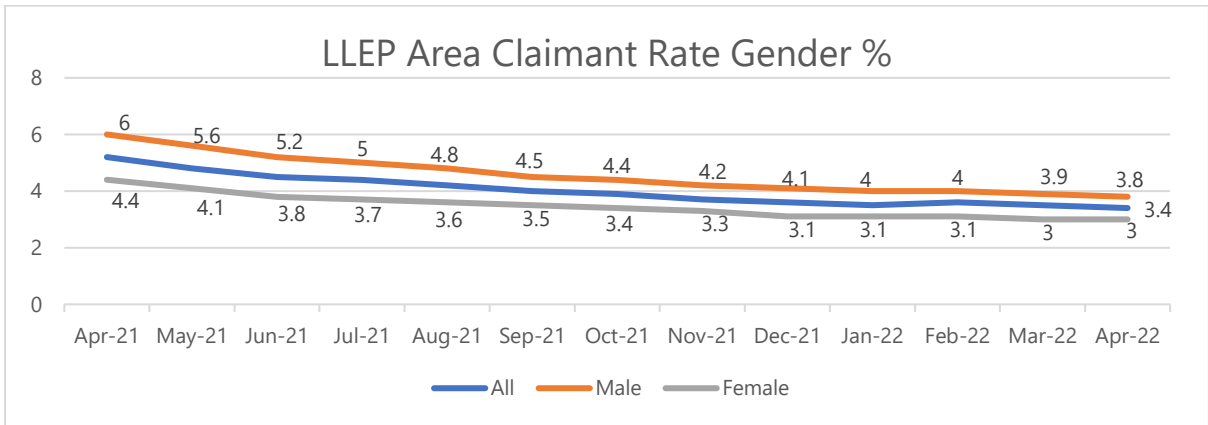


Figure 8: LLEP Area Claimant Rate by Gender (%) April 2021 – April 2022
Source: ONS

The figure below demonstrates the number of claimants in the Leicester and Leicestershire area over the period April 2014 to April 2022.

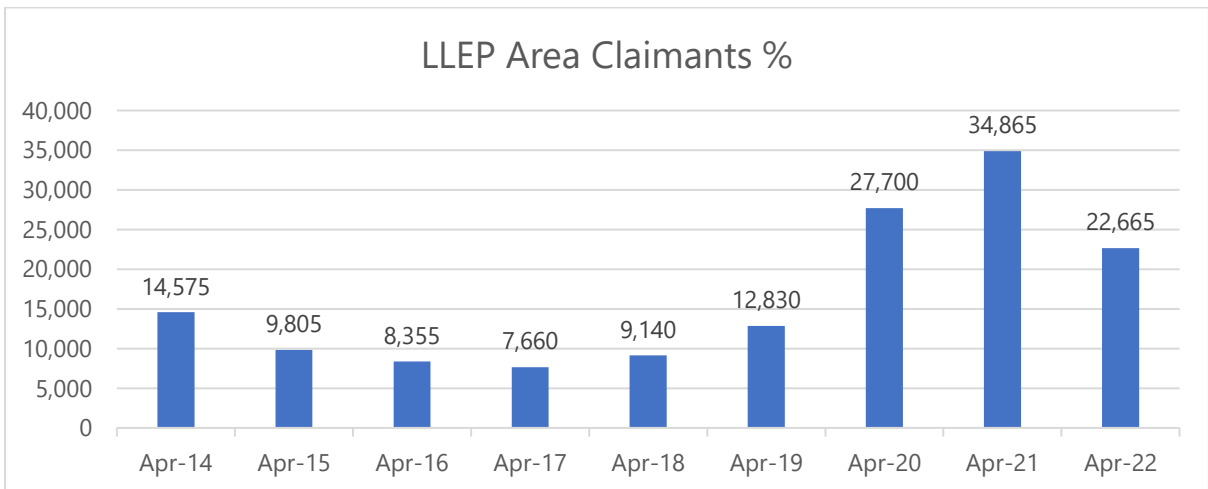


Figure 9: LLEP Area Claimant Count April 2014 - April 2022
Source: ONS

The figure below demonstrates claimant rates at a district level.

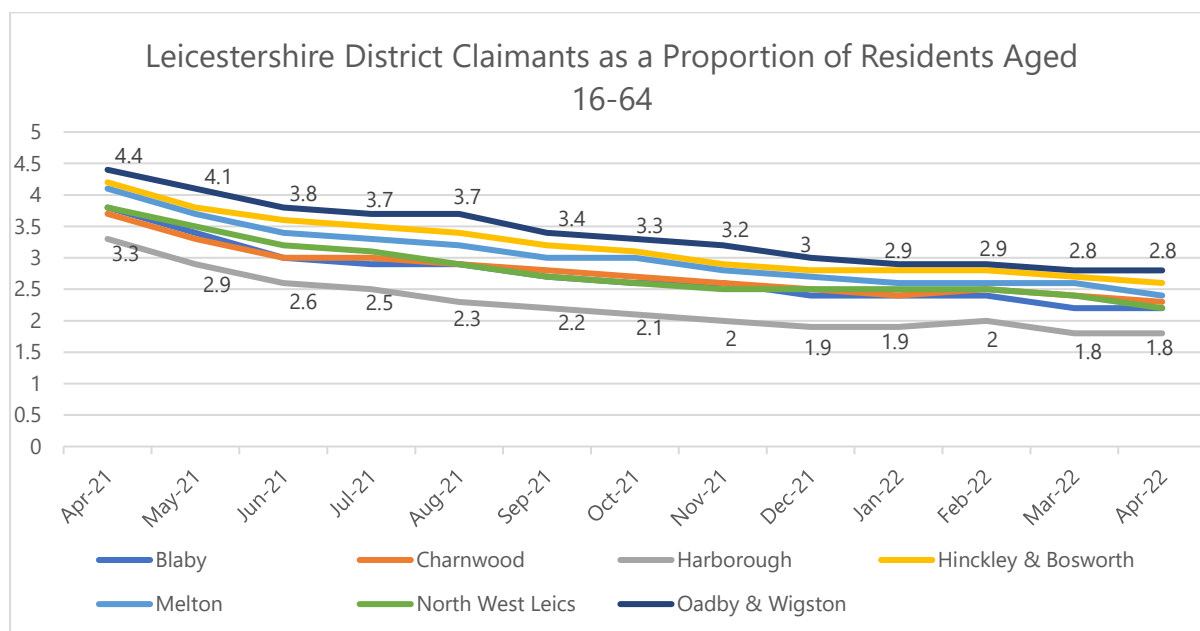


Figure 10: District Claimant Share of Working Age Residents April 2021 – April 2022
Source: ONS

Note: It must be noted that figures will be revised by the Office for National Statistics. It is likely, as with previous months that numbers will be lower than those reported initially.

3. Universal Credit Claimants

Universal Credit claimants are placed in a conditionality group based on their circumstances and work capability and this determines what is expected of them during their claim.

In the Leicester and Leicestershire area most claimants are either in the working conditionality group or the searching/planning/preparing for work group. However there continues to be growth in those with no work requirements.

When compared to March 2020 all three groups have seen significant growth in numbers.

Over the last month (March to April) the numbers searching, planning, or preparing for work has fallen to 27,248 (from 27,885). However, the numbers who are working has risen (33,751 to 34,726).

From April 2021 those searching, planning, or preparing for work has fallen by 10,511. Over the same period those with no work requirements grew by 5,058 (16,982 to 20,040).

Since March 2020 there has been a steady but significant rise in the number of people who are not seeking work/ have no work requirements with numbers doubling during the period. In March 2020, the figure was 10,997 and in April 2022 it was 22,040.

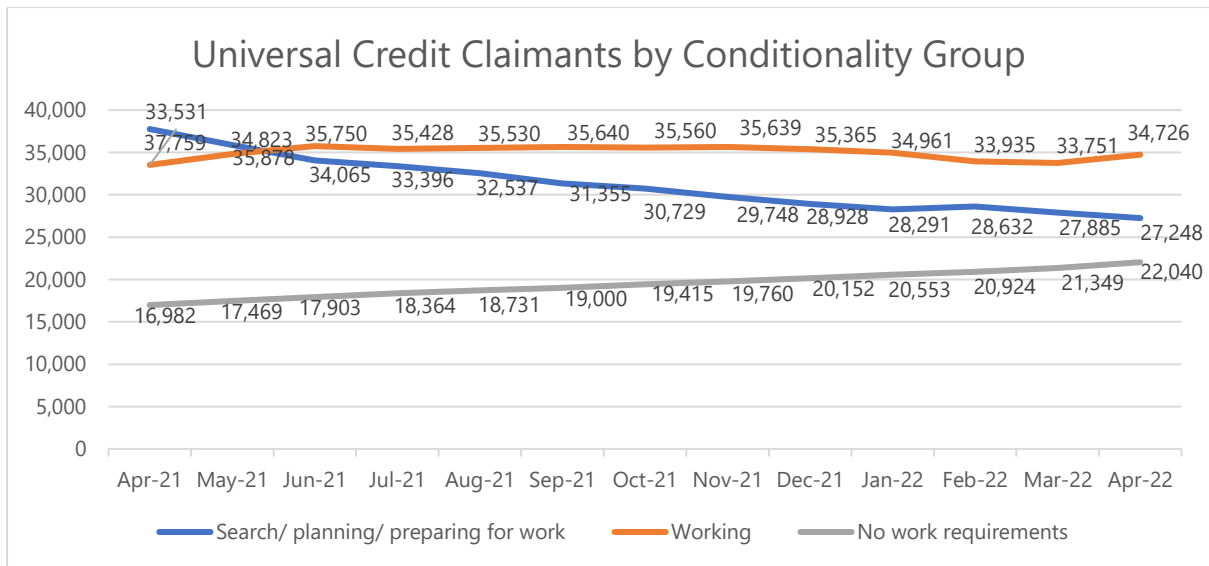


Figure 11: LLEP Area Universal Credit Claimant Count by Conditionality Group April 2021 – April 2022
 Source: DWP via Stat-Xplore

For more data on Job Seekers Allowance and the Universal Credit claimant count by district, visit the [Unemployment Dashboard](#) on the LSR Portal.

4. Relationships

The figure below demonstrates the relationship between the claimant count, unique job postings and the Furlough scheme and its closure. Data is for the period 2021 and 2022 for the Leicester and Leicestershire area. In many ways this provides an understanding of the opening of the local economy.

At the time of the closure of the Furlough scheme the 20,300 people still accessing it locally either returned to work, started new jobs elsewhere, left the workplace or became benefit claimants. Despite this the claimant rate has fallen from 4% in September to 3.4% (April 22).

The numbers of unique postings have had a positive impact on the numbers of claimants, it also reflects the skills and staff shortfalls that are being experienced across many areas of the economy. Skills and staff shortfalls reflect a few things including and depending on the industry, continued underinvestment in people and skills, BREXIT, an aging workforce, and people accessing opportunities that are in other industries.

The suggestion was that with the withdrawal of government support for business the numbers of claimants would rise, but this has failed to materialise. Claimant figures for 2022 however suggests that things may be slowing down. This combined with the cost-of-living crisis, increased energy and other prices and increases in inflation translates to increased operating costs and further pressure on business.

Note: It must be noted that figures are subject to change and there are likely to be adjustments to those areas identified.

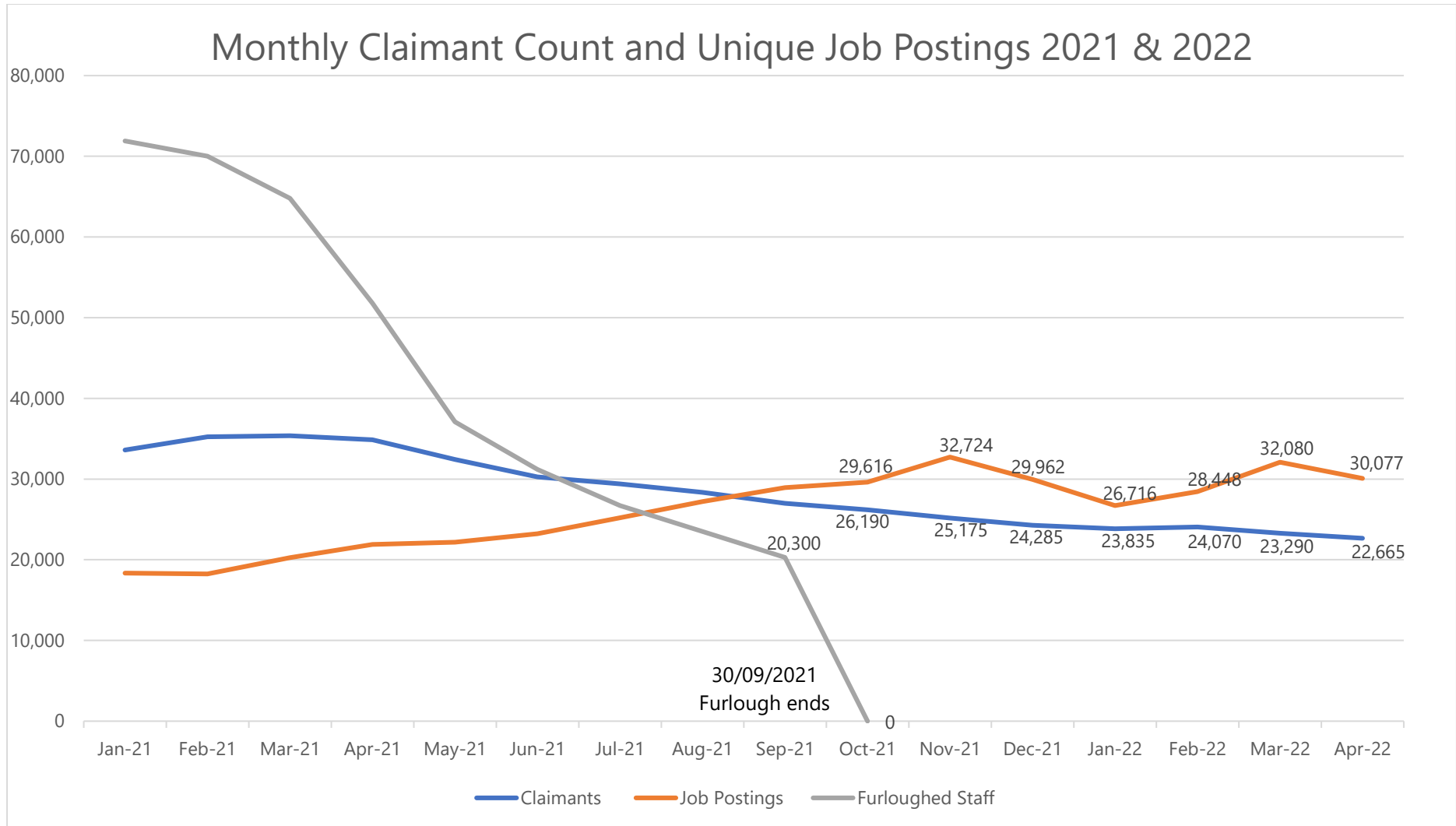


Figure 12: Monthly Claimant Count, Unique Job Postings and Total Number of Eligible Staff Furloughed January 2021 Onwards

Source: ONS Claimant Count, EMSI Unique Job Postings and HMRC Job Retention Scheme

5. Job Postings

Unique job posting data is drawn from a range of sources and provides timely data on how the trend in the number of live job adverts is changing in the Leicester and Leicestershire area by occupation and geography.

However, the number of job adverts being posted is not a direct measure of labour force demand. Job adverts may not be removed from online job vacancy boards immediately once a position is filled, so the data may not fully reflect companies who have halted active recruitment.

The data is compiled from multiple job vacancy boards and adverts may still be considered "live" if the posting is still live on any board, even when it has already been removed from an alternative source (EMSI now remove jobs from their Analyst platform after 61 days).

The scope of online job adverts does not fully capture the region's economic activity because of differing advertising methods, for example, casual work may be advertised by word-of-mouth.

Table 1 demonstrates unique job postings by occupation for April 2022. These are compared with March 2020, April 2021, and March 2022. Standard Occupation Codes are at a two-digit level.

The number of unique job postings for April 2022 is higher than April 2021 by 8,165 (30,077 compared to 21,912). This is a rise of 37.3%.

Over the last month the number of job postings fell from 32,080 to 30,077. This is a fall of 2,003 or 6.2%.

In terms of numbers, over the last year there have been rises in job postings in all but three of the occupation areas. Only Skilled Agricultural and Related Trades, Skilled Construction and Building Trades and Transport and Mobile Machine Drivers and Operatives saw falls.

In the last 12 months the occupation areas that saw the largest growth in job postings numbers were:

- Science, Engineering and Technology Associate Professionals
- Business and Public Service Associate Professionals
- Administration Occupations
- Caring Personal Service Occupations
- Elementary Administration and Service Occupations

In the last month there have been falls in all but four of the occupation areas.

As a means of further understanding how the local jobs market is changing, Table 2 demonstrates the year-to-date unique job postings figures for 2019, 2020, 2021 and 2022 and compares these.

Across the job market the number of unique job postings (YTD) has increased from 34,086 in 2019 to 61,826 in 2022. This is growth of 27,740 or 81.4%. All occupations areas have seen growth except Transport and Mobile Machine Drivers and Operatives.

2 Digit SOC	Occupation	Mar 2020 Unique Postings	Apr 2021 Unique Postings	Mar 2022 Unique Postings	Apr 2022 Unique Postings	Annual Growth	Annual Growth %	Monthly Growth Mar to Apr 2022	Monthly Growth % Mar to Apr 2022	Dif Mar 2020 Apr 2022	% Dif Mar 2020 Apr 2022
11	Corporate Managers and Directors	1,259	1,271	1,953	1,808	537	42.3	(145)	-7.4	549	43.6
12	Other Managers and Proprietors	451	505	681	681	176	34.9	0	0.0	230	51.0
21	Science, Research, Engineering and Technology Professionals	2,093	2,148	2,923	2,714	566	26.4	(209)	-7.2	621	29.7
22	Health Professionals	972	1,034	1,527	1,487	453	43.8	(40)	-2.6	515	53.0
23	Teaching and Educational Professionals	1,242	869	1,330	1,189	320	36.8	(141)	-10.6	(53)	(4.3)
24	Business, Media and Public Service Professionals	1,451	1,638	1,985	1,975	337	20.6	(10)	-0.5	524	36.1
31	Science, Engineering and Technology Associate Professionals	1,209	1,178	2,123	1,914	736	62.5	(209)	-9.8	705	58.3
32	Health and Social Care Associate Professionals	243	297	474	459	162	54.5	(15)	-3.2	216	88.9
33	Protective Service Occupations	58	63	150	145	82	130.2	(5)	-3.3	87	150.0
34	Culture, Media and Sports Occupations	299	302	389	365	63	20.9	(24)	-6.2	66	22.1
35	Business and Public Service Associate Professionals	1,697	1,827	2,657	2,579	752	41.2	(78)	-2.9	882	52.0
41	Administrative Occupations	1,663	1,767	2,610	2,480	713	40.4	(130)	-5.0	817	49.1
42	Secretarial and Related Occupations	327	313	479	457	144	46.0	(22)	-4.6	130	39.8
51	Skilled Agricultural and Related Trades	22	49	48	34	(15)	-30.6	(14)	-29.2	12	54.5
52	Skilled Metal, Electrical and Electronic Trades	783	1,007	1,493	1,260	253	25.1	(233)	-15.6	477	60.9
53	Skilled Construction and Building Trades	261	445	369	298	(147)	-33.0	(71)	-19.2	37	14.2
54	Textiles, Printing and Other Skilled Trades	381	273	572	574	301	110.3	2	0.3	193	50.7
61	Caring Personal Service Occupations	1,314	1,480	2,250	2,274	794	53.6	24	1.1	960	73.1
62	Leisure, Travel and Related Personal Service Occupations	165	149	312	350	201	134.9	38	12.2	185	112.1
71	Sales Occupations	1,244	1,163	1,744	1,755	592	50.9	11	0.6	511	41.1
72	Customer Service Occupations	575	691	1,121	973	282	40.8	(148)	-13.2	398	69.2
81	Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	308	429	706	613	184	42.9	(93)	-13.2	305	99.0
82	Transport and Mobile Machine Drivers and Operatives	1,093	1,362	1,268	1,229	(133)	-9.8	(39)	-3.1	136	12.4
91	Elementary Trades and Related Occupations	168	300	465	372	72	24.0	(93)	-20.0	204	121.4
92	Elementary Administration and Service Occupations	933	1,225	2,354	2,008	783	63.9	(346)	-14.7	1,075	115.2
Total		20,346	21,912	32,080	30,077	8,165	37.3	(2,003)	-6.2	9,731	47.8

Table 1: LLEP area Job Postings by Standard Occupation Codes

Source: EMSI

SOC	Occupation	Unique Postings YTD 2019	% Share	Unique Postings YTD 2020	% Share	Unique Postings YTD 2021	% Share	Unique Postings YTD 2022	% Share	Growth 2019 - 2022	Growth %	Growth % Share
11	Corporate Managers and Directors	1,934	5.7	2,355	6.2	2,348	5.9	3,658	5.9	1,724	89.1	6.2
12	Other Managers and Proprietors	793	2.3	795	2.1	879	2.2	1,354	2.2	561	70.7	2.0
21	Science, Research, Engineering and Technology Professionals	3,058	9.0	4,022	10.6	3,804	9.5	5,653	9.1	2,595	84.9	9.4
22	Health Professionals	1,703	5.0	1,726	4.5	2,092	5.2	2,979	4.8	1,276	74.9	4.6
23	Teaching and Educational Professionals	1,563	4.6	2,204	5.8	1,654	4.1	2,774	4.5	1,211	77.5	4.4
24	Business, Media and Public Service Professionals	2,025	5.9	2,661	7.0	2,952	7.4	3,928	6.4	1,903	94.0	6.9
31	Science, Engineering and Technology Associate Professionals	1,859	5.5	2,305	6.1	2,213	5.5	3,914	6.3	2,055	110.5	7.4
32	Health and Social Care Associate Professionals	455	1.3	492	1.3	566	1.4	971	1.6	516	113.4	1.9
33	Protective Service Occupations	73	0.2	112	0.3	135	0.3	313	0.5	240	328.8	0.9
34	Culture, Media and Sports Occupations	518	1.5	541	1.4	542	1.4	733	1.2	215	41.5	0.8
35	Business and Public Service Associate Professionals	2,581	7.6	3,178	8.4	3,084	7.7	5,114	8.3	2,533	98.1	9.1
41	Administrative Occupations	2,706	7.9	3,041	8.0	3,191	8.0	5,101	8.3	2,395	88.5	8.6
42	Secretarial and Related Occupations	553	1.6	615	1.6	501	1.3	991	1.6	438	79.2	1.6
51	Skilled Agricultural and Related Trades	42	0.1	42	0.1	77	0.2	83	0.1	41	97.6	0.1
52	Skilled Metal, Electrical and Electronic Trades	1,486	4.4	1,615	4.2	1,718	4.3	2,559	4.1	1,073	72.2	3.9
53	Skilled Construction and Building Trades	375	1.1	464	1.2	715	1.8	667	1.1	292	77.9	1.1
54	Textiles, Printing and Other Skilled Trades	688	2.0	699	1.8	464	1.2	1,126	1.8	438	63.7	1.6
61	Caring Personal Service Occupations	1,855	5.4	2,516	6.6	2,944	7.4	4,621	7.5	2,766	149.1	10.0
62	Leisure, Travel and Related Personal Service Occupations	334	1.0	301	0.8	295	0.7	619	1.0	285	85.3	1.0
71	Sales Occupations	2,055	6.0	2,226	5.9	2,066	5.2	3,347	5.4	1,292	62.9	4.7
72	Customer Service Occupations	1,241	3.6	1,118	2.9	1,229	3.1	2,069	3.3	828	66.7	3.0
81	Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	588	1.7	589	1.5	800	2.0	1,244	2.0	656	111.6	2.4
82	Transport and Mobile Machine Drivers and Operatives	2,601	7.6	1,945	5.1	2,506	6.3	2,414	3.9	(187)	-7.2	-0.7
91	Elementary Trades and Related Occupations	503	1.5	309	0.8	529	1.3	781	1.3	278	55.3	1.0
92	Elementary Administration and Service Occupations	2,272	6.7	1,880	4.9	2,386	6.0	4,614	7.5	2,342	103.1	8.4
	Total Across All Occupations	34,086	100.0	38,001	100.0	39,921	100.0	61,826	100.0	27,740	81.4	100.0

Table 2: LLEP area Job Postings Comparator by Standard Occupation Codes

Source: EMSI

Table 3 demonstrates job posting numbers by district area for April 2021 onwards. Figures for all the areas identified are higher this year (April) than last year.

Area	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22
Blaby	426	416	415	431	461	481	510	559	492	369	373	437	458
Charnwood	2,530	2,720	3,018	3,394	3,715	3,950	4,009	4,382	3,797	3,396	3,803	4,557	4,191
Harborough	1,289	1,247	1,368	1,616	1,819	1,936	1,951	2,249	2,010	1,871	2,035	2,344	2,032
Hinckley & Bosworth	1,419	1,470	1,505	1,593	1,652	1,738	1,841	1,936	1,786	1,546	1,806	2,088	1,892
Leicester	12,551	12,569	12,990	13,825	14,896	15,823	16,409	18,511	17,258	15,457	15,864	17,053	16,019
Leicestershire	9,361	9,607	10,235	11,374	12,313	13,104	13,207	14,213	12,704	11,259	12,584	15,027	14,058
Melton	675	676	749	829	884	968	938	964	810	783	904	1,125	984
NW Leics	2,746	2,814	2,901	3,199	3,453	3,620	3,512	3,615	3,365	2,895	3,227	3,965	4,020
Oadby & Wigston	276	264	279	312	329	411	446	508	444	399	436	511	481
Total	21,912	22,176	23,225	25,199	27,209	28,927	29,616	32,724	29,962	26,716	28,448	32,080	30,077

Table 3: Unique Job Postings by Local & District Authority
Source: EMSI

Figure 13 provides an understanding of monthly job postings for the Leicester and Leicestershire area.

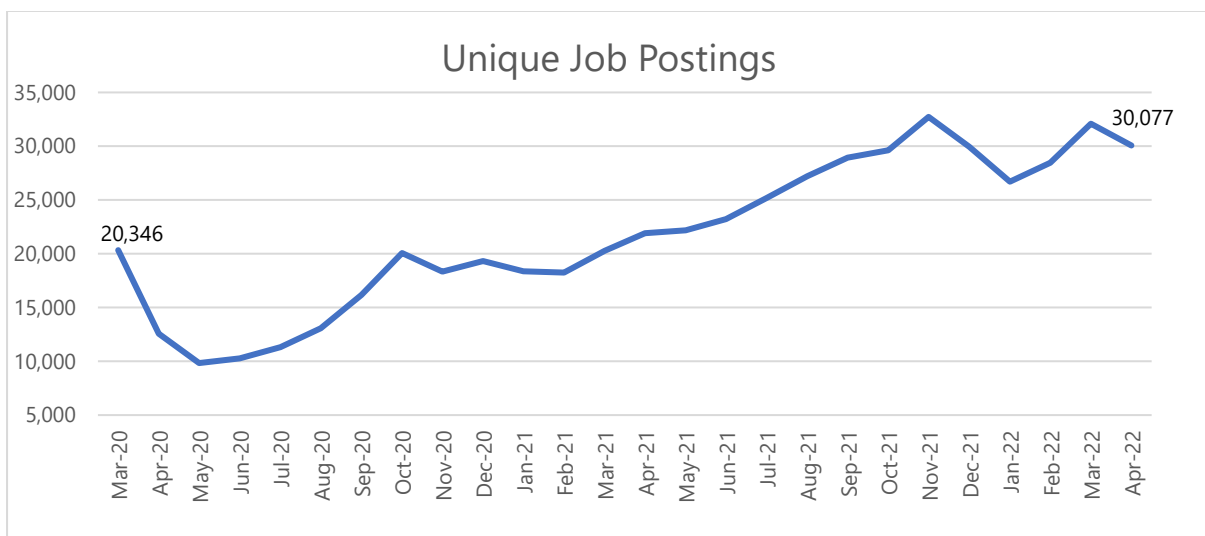


Figure 13: LLEP Area Unique Job Postings March 2020 to April 2022
Source: EMSI

Figure 14 shows job posting data for Leicester and Leicestershire.

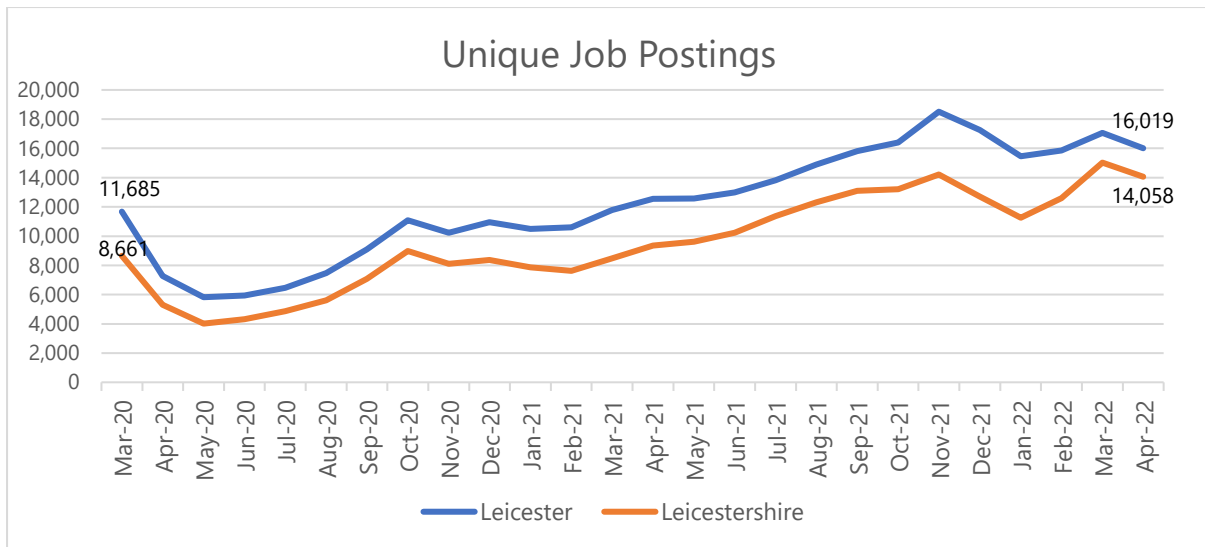


Figure 14: Leicester and Leicestershire Unique Job Postings March 2020 to April 2022
Source: EMSI

6. Business Closures and Incorporations

Since the start of March 2020, 20,614 businesses have ceased trading in the Leicester and Leicestershire area.

In April 2022 the number of businesses that ceased trading was 1,099. The figure for April 2019 was 737, 2020 224 and 2021 600.

In March 2022 there were 1,276 businesses that ceased trading. This is a monthly fall of 177 business failures.

Figure 15 demonstrates the cumulative growth in business closures for the years 2019, 2020, 2021 and 2022.

In 2022 (to the end of April) there were 4,500 solved businesses. For the same period in 2019 the figure was 3,859, in 2020 2,108 and 2021 4,520.

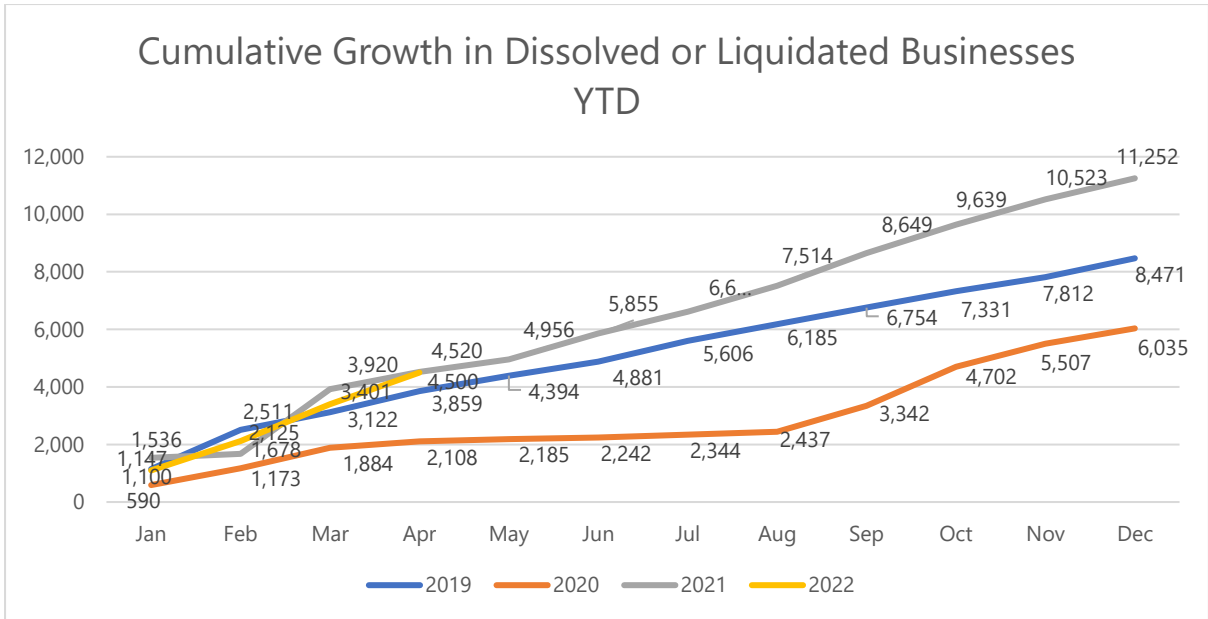


Figure 15: LLEP Area Cumulative Growth in Dissolved or Liquidated Businesses 2019, 20, 21 and 22.
Source: BVD Fame

Figure 16 below compares the monthly numbers of dissolved or liquidated businesses for the years 2019, 2020, 2021 and 2020.

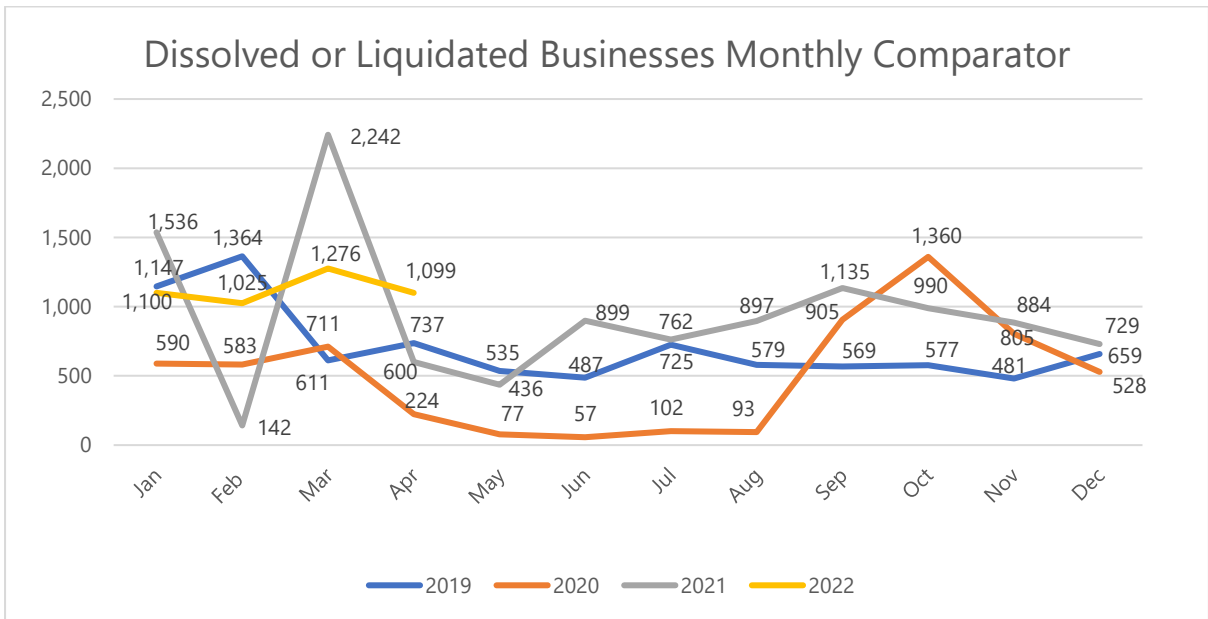


Figure 16: LLEP Area Dissolved or Liquidated Businesses Monthly Comparator
Source: BVD Fame

Since the beginning of March 2020 23,958 businesses have been incorporated within the Leicester and Leicestershire area.

Figure 17 demonstrates the cumulative growth for the years 2019, 20, 21 and 22.

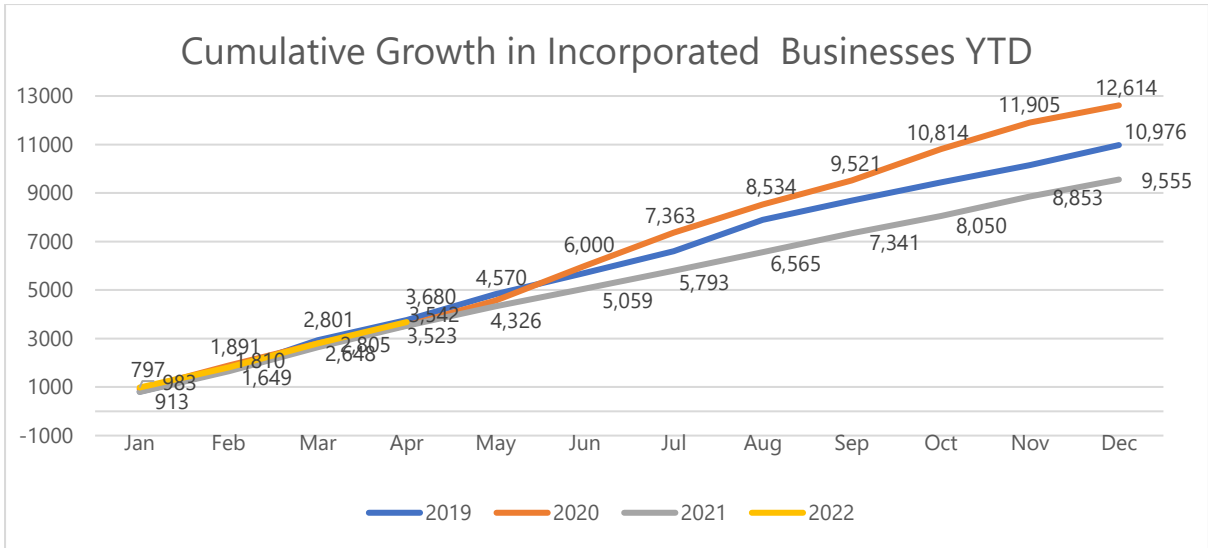


Figure 17: LLEP Area Cumulative Growth in Incorporated Businesses 2019, 20, 21 and 22.
Source: BVD Fame

In April 2022 the number of businesses that were incorporated was 875. The figure for April 2019 was 834, 2020 741 and 2021 875.

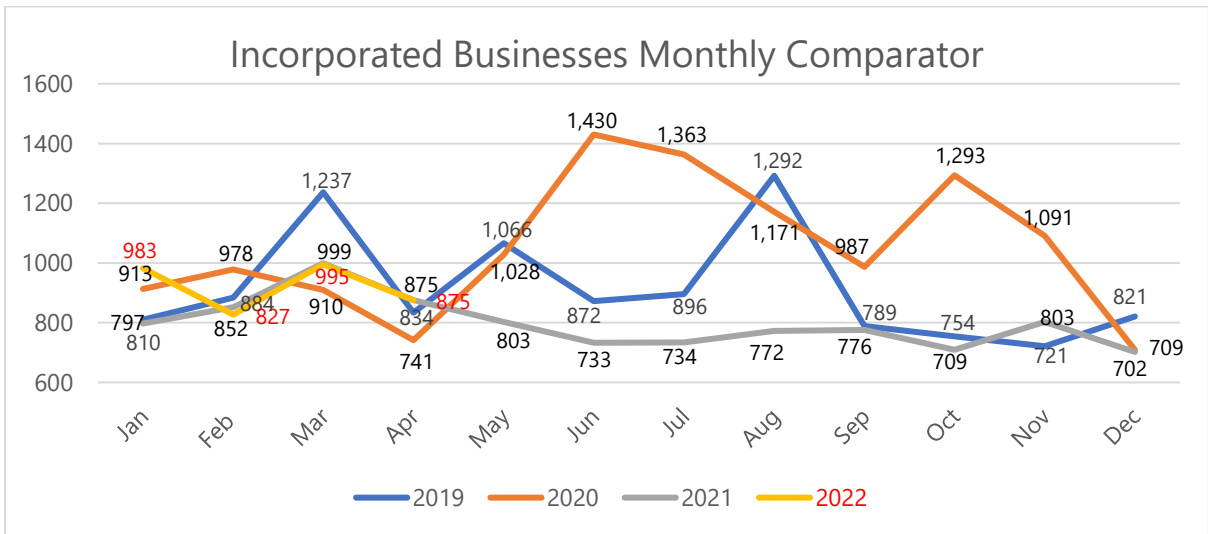


Figure 18: LLEP Area Incorporated Businesses Monthly Comparator
Source: BVD Fame

When comparing closures with incorporations in 2022 (YTD) there were 4,500 closures and 3,680 incorporations. This is a difference of 820.

Table 4 demonstrates those sectors where there have been 15 or more business failures and 15 or more incorporations for the year to date (2022). Table 4 also helps provide an understanding of the impact of the pandemic on business and how different sectors are reacting to it. It shows how different parts of the local business community are expanding and contracting and where business is bouncing back as the economy reopens.

Activity (prim. UK SIC 2007)	Dissolved	%	Incorporated	%
Wholesale trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	1,228	27.3	163	4.4
Retail trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	306	6.8	446	12.1
Office administrative, office support and other business support activities	233	5.2	85	2.3
Computer programming, consultancy and related activities	223	5.0	102	2.8
Activities of head offices; management consultancy activities	211	4.7	106	2.9
Food and beverage service activities	196	4.4	286	7.8
Land transport and transport via pipelines	155	3.4	178	4.8
Other personal service activities	152	3.4	143	3.9
Specialised construction activities	146	3.2	184	5.0
Real estate activities	141	3.1	359	9.8
Construction of buildings	105	2.3	131	3.6
Human health activities	84	1.9	161	4.4
Other professional, scientific and technical activities	83	1.8	63	1.7
Wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	78	1.7	121	3.3
Warehousing and support activities for transportation	61	1.4	42	1.1
Services to buildings and landscape activities	56	1.2	146	4.0
Education	55	1.2	71	1.9
Architectural and engineering activities; technical testing and analysis	54	1.2	47	1.3
Financial service activities, except insurance and pension funding	53	1.2	107	2.9
Printing and reproduction of recorded media	45	1.0	10	0.3
Employment activities	41	0.9	43	1.2
Sports activities and amusement and recreation activities	41	0.9	33	0.9
Manufacture of textiles	40	0.9	19	0.5
Legal and accounting activities	37	0.8	32	0.9
Manufacture of wearing apparel	32	0.7	22	0.6
Information service activities	30	0.7	13	0.4
Advertising and market research	29	0.6	37	1.0
Postal and courier activities	28	0.6	8	0.2
Creative, arts and entertainment activities	27	0.6	22	0.6
Manufacture of food products	24	0.5	21	0.6
Residential care activities	24	0.5	53	1.4
Other manufacturing	22	0.5	13	0.4
Motion picture, video and television programme production, sound recording and music publishing activities	22	0.5	23	0.6
Publishing activities	19	0.4	19	0.5
Security and investigation activities	18	0.4	15	0.4
Crop and animal production, hunting and related service activities	17	0.4	16	0.4
Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	17	0.4	13	0.4
Social work activities without accommodation	17	0.4	32	0.9
Accommodation	16	0.4	26	0.7
Activities auxiliary to financial services and insurance activities	15	0.3	7	0.2
Manufacture of furniture	12	0.3	17	0.5
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	11	0.2	22	0.6
All	4,497	100	3,679	100

Table 4 LLEP Area Dissolved or Liquidated and Incorporated Businesses by Sector Year to Date 2022

Source: BVD Fame

Note: Latest figures were gained on the 11/05/2022 and they may be subject to some adjustment. Figures may also reflect delays in notification and processing of data returns to Companies House.

7. Useful Links

GOV.UK

[GOV.UK](#) is a United Kingdom public sector information website, created by the Government Digital Service to provide a single point of access to HM Government services and data/information.

Leicester and Leicestershire Local Enterprise Partnership

The Local Enterprise Partnership works in partnership across the midlands. Information relating to its work can be accessed by going to the [Leicestershire Local Enterprise Partnership website](#).

LSR Online

Leicestershire County Council is working in partnership with the LLEP to provide a single online portal for local economic data across Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland. The [LSR Portal](#) holds data across a wide range of economic indicators (in addition to other measures including health and wellbeing), the majority of which are available at district level.

Midlands Engine Economic Observatory

The [Midlands Engine Economic Observatory](#) is an analytical function of the Midlands Engine, providing comprehensive and contemporary data, analysis and intelligence on the whole Midlands economy.

NOMIS

[Nomis](#) is a service provided by the Office for National Statistics, ONS, to give free access to the most detailed and up-to-date UK labour market statistics from official sources.

Office for National Statistics (ONS)

The ONS produces comprehensive data and analysis on coronavirus ([COVID-19 in the UK](#)) and its effect on the economy and society.

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Whilst every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the information contained within this report, Leicester and Leicestershire Enterprise Partnership cannot be held responsible for any errors or omission relating to the data contained within the report.